

# EMMAUS COLLEGE

ROCKHAMPTON

## Senior Subject Guide 2021



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*Walk with us*

HOSPITALITY - HUMILITY - FORGIVENESS  
LOVE - SERVICE



# Message from the Principal



Dear Parents and Carers,

In keeping with our mission, Emmaus College has a proud tradition of providing a broad range of subject offerings. The educational mission of the college is to provide holistic, relevant, Catholic secondary education to student and families who seek its values. This mission is enacted through a wide variety of learning experiences that are enriching and founded on right relationships.

Emmaus College aims to prepare students for the many endeavours they may wish to pursue. Whether it is further study at a tertiary institution, a traineeship, apprenticeship or entry into the workforce, the subjects selected for the senior phase of schooling can play a significant role in the academic, professional and skilled roles our students will embrace in the years ahead.

This Handbook is intended to assist your student as they plan their course of study for the two-year senior program of Years 11 and 12. Students should consider past success, personal interest and future career aspirations when selecting subjects. Changing subjects, while possible may result in reduced preparation time for final external examinations and can only occur after extensive consultation and collaboration with Heads of Faculty.

Experienced staff are available to provide advice and guidance to all students as they consider options for subject choices in the senior school. While it is essential that students engage fully with their preparation program, ultimately success in the senior school stems from considered subject selection and a positive approach characterised by taking responsibility for learning. The latter is characterised by persistence, preparedness, managing impulsivity and a mature approach to time management.

I hope that we are able to join you as the first educators of your student and build on this strong foundation by providing rigorous and challenging opportunities for your senior student to grow into a responsible citizen with a willingness to be of service.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'E. Hannan', written in a cursive style.

Eamon Hannan

# Senior Education Profile

Students in Queensland are issued with a Senior Education Profile (SEP) upon completion of senior studies. This profile may include a:

- statement of results
- Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)
- Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA).

For more information about the SEP see their [site](#).

## Statement of results

Students are issued with a statement of results in the December following the completion of a QCAA-developed course of study. A new statement of results is issued to students after each QCAA-developed course of study is completed.

A full record of study will be issued, along with the QCE qualification, in the first December or July after the student meets the requirements for a QCE.

## Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)

Students may be eligible for a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) at the end of their senior schooling. Students who do not meet the QCE requirements can continue to work towards the certificate post-secondary schooling. The QCAA awards a QCE in the following July or December, once a student becomes eligible. Learning accounts are closed after nine years; however, a student may apply to the QCAA to have the account reopened and all credit continued.

## Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA)

The Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA) reports the learning achievements of eligible students who complete an individual learning program. At the end of the senior phase of learning, eligible students achieve a QCIA. These students have the option of continuing to work towards a QCE post-secondary schooling.

# Senior subjects

The QCAA develops four types of senior subject syllabuses — General, Applied, Senior External Examinations and Short Courses. Results in General and Applied subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and may contribute to an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) calculation, although no more than one result in an Applied subject can be used in the calculation of a student's ATAR.

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course.

Typically, it is expected that most students will complete these courses across Years 11 and 12. All subjects build on the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

## General syllabuses

General subjects are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead primarily to tertiary studies and to pathways for vocational education and training and work. General subjects include Extension subjects.

## Applied syllabuses

Applied subjects are suited to students who are primarily interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training or work.

## Senior External Examination

The Senior External Examination consists of individual subject examinations provided across Queensland in October and November each year by the QCAA.

## Short Courses

Short Courses are developed to meet a specific curriculum need and are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training and establish a basis for further education and employment. They are informed by, and articulate closely with, the requirements of the Australian Core Skills Framework (ACSF). A grade of C in Short Courses aligns with the requirements for ACSF Level 3.

# Underpinning factors

All senior syllabuses are underpinned by:

- literacy — the set of knowledge and skills about language and texts essential for understanding and conveying content
- numeracy — the knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students need to use mathematics in a wide range of situations, to recognise and understand the role of mathematics in the world, and to develop the dispositions and capacities to use mathematical knowledge and skills purposefully.

## General syllabuses and Short Courses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, General syllabuses and Short Courses are underpinned by:

- 21st century skills — the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and information & communication technologies (ICT) skills.

## Applied syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, Applied syllabuses are underpinned by:

- applied learning — the acquisition and application of knowledge, understanding and skills in real-world or lifelike contexts
- community connections — the awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions by connecting classroom experience with the world outside the classroom
- core skills for work — the set of knowledge, understanding and non-technical skills that underpin successful participation in work.

## Vocational education and training (VET)

Students can access VET programs through the school if it:

- is a registered training organisation (RTO)
- has a third-party arrangement with an external provider who is an RTO
- offers opportunities for students to undertake school-based apprenticeships or traineeships.

## Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) eligibility

The calculation of an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) will be based on a student's:

- best five General subject results or
- best results in a combination of four General subject results plus an Applied subject result or a Certificate III or higher VET qualification.

The Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre (QTAC) has responsibility for ATAR calculations.

## English requirement

Eligibility for an ATAR will require satisfactory completion of a QCAA English subject.

Satisfactory completion will require students to attain a result that is equivalent to a Sound Level of Achievement in one of five subjects — English, Essential English, Literature, English and Literature Extension or English as an Additional Language.

While students must meet this standard to be eligible to receive an ATAR, it is not mandatory for a student's English result to be included in the calculation of their ATAR.

# General syllabuses

## Structure

The syllabus structure consists of a course overview and assessment.

### General syllabuses course overview

General syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 provide foundational learning, allowing students to experience all syllabus objectives and begin engaging with the course subject matter. It is intended that Units 1 and 2 are studied as a pair. Assessment in Units 1 and 2 provides students with feedback on their progress in a course of study and contributes to the award of a QCE.

Students should complete Units 1 and 2 before starting Units 3 and 4.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Assessment in Units 3 and 4 is summative and student results contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

### Extension syllabuses course overview

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and include external assessment. Extension subjects are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course of study.

Extension syllabuses are courses of study that consist of two units (Units 3 and 4). Subject matter, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the two units as students develop greater independence as learners.

The results from Units 3 and 4 contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

## Assessment

### Units 1 and 2 assessments

Schools decide the sequence, scope and scale of assessments for Units 1 and 2. These assessments should reflect the local context. Teachers determine the assessment program, tasks and marking guides that are used to assess student performance for Units 1 and 2.

Units 1 and 2 assessment outcomes provide feedback to students on their progress in the course of study. Schools should develop at least *two* but no more than *four* assessments for Units 1 and 2. At least *one* assessment must be completed for *each* unit.

Schools report satisfactory completion of Units 1 and 2 to the QCAA, and may choose to report levels of achievement to students and parents/carers using grades, descriptive statements or other indicators.

### Units 3 and 4 assessments

Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General subject.

Schools develop *three* internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

### **Instrument-specific marking guides**

Each syllabus provides instrument-specific marking guides (ISMGs) for summative internal assessments.

The ISMGs describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

Schools cannot change or modify an ISMG for use with summative internal assessment.

As part of quality teaching and learning, schools should discuss ISMGs with students to help them understand the requirements of an assessment task.

### **External assessment**

External assessment is summative and adds valuable evidence of achievement to a student's profile. External assessment is:

- common to all schools
- administered under the same conditions at the same time and on the same day
- developed and marked by the QCAA according to a commonly applied marking scheme.

The external assessment contributes a determined percentage (see specific subject guides — assessment) to the student's overall subject result and is not privileged over summative internal assessment.

# Applied syllabuses

## Structure

The syllabus structure consists of a course overview and assessment.

### Applied syllabuses course overview

Applied syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 of the course are designed to allow students to begin their engagement with the course content, i.e. the knowledge, understanding and skills of the subject. Course content, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the four units as students develop greater independence as learners.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Results from assessment in Applied subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and results from Units 3 and 4 may contribute as a single input to ATAR calculation.

A course of study for Applied syllabuses includes core topics and elective areas for study.

## Assessment

Applied syllabuses use *four* summative internal assessments from Units 3 and 4 to determine a student's exit result.

Schools should develop at least *two* but no more than *four* internal assessments for Units 1 and 2 and these assessments should provide students with opportunities to become familiar with the summative internal assessment techniques to be used for Units 3 and 4.

Applied syllabuses do not use external assessment.

### Instrument-specific standards matrixes

For each assessment instrument, schools develop an instrument-specific standards matrix by selecting the syllabus standards descriptors relevant to the task and the dimension/s being assessed. The matrix is shared with students and used as a tool for making judgments about the quality of students' responses to the instrument. Schools develop assessments to allow students to demonstrate the range of standards.

### Essential English and Essential Mathematics — Common internal assessment

Students complete a total of *four* summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4 that count toward their overall subject result. Schools develop *three* of the summative internal assessments for each senior subject and the other summative assessment is a common internal assessment (CIA) developed by the QCAA.

The CIA for Essential English and Essential Mathematics is based on the learning described in Unit 3 of the respective syllabus. The CIA is:

- developed by the QCAA
- common to all schools
- delivered to schools by the QCAA
- administered flexibly in Unit 3

- administered under supervised conditions
- marked by the school according to a common marking scheme developed by the QCAA.

The CIA is not privileged over the other summative internal assessment.

### **Summative internal assessment — instrument-specific standards**

The Essential English and Essential Mathematics syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the three summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4.

The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

## **Senior External Examinations**

### **Senior External Examinations course overview**

A Senior External Examination syllabus sets out the aims, objectives, learning experiences and assessment requirements for each of these subjects.

Results are based solely on students' demonstrated achievement in examinations. Work undertaken before an examination is not assessed.

The Senior External Examination is for:

- low candidature subjects not otherwise offered as a General subject in Queensland
- students in their final year of senior schooling who are unable to access particular subjects at their school
- adult students (people of any age not enrolled at a Queensland secondary school)
  - to meet tertiary entrance or employment requirements
  - for personal interest.

Senior External Examination results may contribute credit to the award of a QCE and contribute to ATAR calculations.

For more information about the Senior External Examination, see their [site](#).

## **Assessment**

The Senior External Examination consists of individual subject examinations that are held once each year in Term 4. Important dates and the examination timetable are published in the Senior Education Profile (SEP) [calendar](#).

Results are based solely on students' demonstrated achievement in the examinations. Work undertaken before an examination is not assessed. Results are reported as a mark and grade of A–E. For more information about results, see the QCE and QCIA policy and procedures handbook, Section 10.

# Short Courses

## Course overview

Short Courses are one-unit courses of study. A Short Course includes topics and subtopics. Results contribute to the award of a QCE. Results do not contribute to ATAR calculations.

Short Courses are available in:

- Literacy
- Numeracy
- Careers

(Short Courses may become available during the senior phase of schooling).

## Assessment

A Short Course uses two summative school-developed assessments to determine a student's exit result. Short Courses do not use external assessment.

The Short Course syllabus provides instrument-specific standards for the two summative internal assessments.

# Instructions

**PLEASE NOTE.** *Not all subjects and courses outlined in this Senior Subject Guide will necessarily run in 2021 and 2022. Final subject offerings are based on variables including the number of students selecting subjects and resources.*

**\*You will need to bring this booklet with Page 11 and Page 15 completed to your interview at the end of term.**

## 1. **Check the following:**

- Pre-requisites for General and Applied subjects (p.11)
- Subject Selection Rules (p.12)
- SETP (Set Plan) Potential future workplace, training or education goals.
- QCE eligibility (p. 13)
- ATAR eligibility (p.14)
- General & Applied Subject unit & assessment descriptions. (pages 25 – 109)
- Certificate qualification requirements (eg Mandatory completion of industry placement) (pages 109 – 120)

## 2. **Make six (6) selections.**

These might include:

- QCAA General Subjects
- QCAA Applied Subjects
- Certificate Courses offered at Emmaus in 2021 & 2022
- Certificate Courses you have negotiated. (See Ms Sommerfeld & TAFE Queensland)
- Workplace traineeships you have negotiated. (See Ms Sommerfeld)
- University programs. (See Ms Sommerfeld & University websites)

3. Complete the **Planning Templates** (Page 11 and Page 15 are required for your interview)

4. Attend the **Subject Selection Evening** – Tuesday, 11 August - between 5.00 pm – 7:00 pm Yaamba Rd Hall.

5. **Select Subjects Online** Between Monday, 10 August and 4pm, Friday, 21 August (Week 6, Term 3).

6. Attend a **Senior Enrolment Interview** 7 – 11 September (Week 9, Term 3). Book via Discussion with Middle Leaders: Students, parents, carers and staff will review Semester 1 report, SET Plan, subjects selected, pre-requisites, selection rules).

# Entry Requirements

When selecting subjects:

You **MUST** meet **Entry Requirements** listed below.

You **MUST** meet the **Selection Rules** on Page 12.

You **MUST** ensure you are **eligible for a QCE** (Queensland Certificate of Education)

You **MAY** need to check that you are **eligible for an ATAR** (Australian Tertiary Entrance Rank).

[G = General subject, A = Applied subject, V = Vocational Education & Training]

FACULTY	SUBJECTS	ENTRY REQUIREMENTS (Check your Semester 1 report card)	The six (6) selections under consideration for 2021 - 2022	Have I met the prerequisites?
You must select <b>1 or more</b> MATHS, ENGLISH AND RELIGION.				
MATHEMATICS	Specialist Maths (G)* Mathematical Methods (G) General Maths (G) Essential Maths (A)	A or B in Maths Methods in Year 10. *Must also do <b>Maths Methods</b> in Year 11 C in Maths Methods in Year 10 <b>C in General Maths or completed Maths Methods in Year 10</b> Nil		
ENGLISH	English (G) English as an Additional Language (G) Literature (G) English & Literature Extension (G)* - Units 3 & 4 only Essential English (A)	C in English, Literature OR B in Essential English C in English, Literature OR B in Essential English C in English, Literature OR B in Essential English B in English OR Literature Nil		
HUMANITIES (RELIGION)	Study of Religion (G) Religion & Ethics (A)	B in English or Literature + C in Religious Education Nil		
You must select up to <b>3</b> more subjects (Unless you have selected multiple MATHS, ENGLISH and / or RELIGION subjects). Your total should be <b>6</b> selections.				
HUMANITIES	Accounting (G) Ancient History (G) Business (G) Geography (G) Legal Studies (G) Modern History (G) Business Studies (A) Tourism (A)	C in English or Literature + C in Maths C in English or Literature C in English or Literature C in English or Literature C in English or Literature C in English or Literature Nil Nil		
TECHNOLOGIES	Design (G) Digital Solutions (G) Food & Nutrition (G) Engineering Skills (A) Furnishing Skills (A) Industrial Graphics Skills (A) Information & Communication Technologies (A) Hospitality Practices (A) Fashion (A)	C (English + Industrial Graphics or Design) C in English or Literature C in English, C in Science Preferably C (Workshop subject Junior level) Preferably C (Workshop subject Junior level) Preferably C (Industrial Graphics Junior level) Nil Nil Nil		
HEALTH & PHYSICAL EDUCATION	Health (G) Physical Education (G) Sport & Recreation (A)	Nil Preparedness to participate Preparedness to participate		
SCIENCE	Biology (G) Physics (G) Chemistry (G) Psychology (G)	C in Science. C in ESP if taken in Year 10 C in Science + C in Maths Methods or General Maths and C in ESP if taken C in Science + C in Maths Methods or General Maths and C in ESP if taken C in English and C in a Science		
LANGUAGES	Japanese (G)	C in English and Japanese		
THE ARTS	Drama (G) Music (G) Visual Art (G) Dance (G) Visual Art in Practice (A)	C in English, Drama, Music, or Dance C in English, Drama, Music, or Dance C in English & C in Visual Art Nil Nil		
Certificate Courses	Certificate III Fitness (V) Certificate III Allied Health Assistant (V) Certificate III Early Childhood Education & Care (V)	Preparedness to participate + outside school time requirement Nil Nil		
I need to seek clarification about the following:			TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBJECTS SELECTED:	PREREQUISITES MET?
			GENERAL	
			APPLIED:	
			CERTIFICATE:	

# Selecting your subjects: Selection Rules

## RELIGION

You **must** select **one or more** of the Religion offerings.

Either:

- Study of Religion (General) AND / OR
- Religion and Ethics (Applied)

## ENGLISH

You **must** select at least **one or more** of the English offerings.

Either:

- Essential English (Applied)\*
- English (General)
- English as an Additional Language (General)\*
- Literature (General)
- English & Literature Extension (General) – **Year 12 only** – if you intend to take this you must select English & Literature in Year 11

(Students selecting English & Literature Extension in Year 12 must have completed Units 1 & 2 of either English &/or Literature in Year 11. In Year 12, students undertake Units 3 & 4 of English & Literature Extension **concurrently** with Units 3 & 4 of English and/or Units 3 & 4 of Literature).

**\*Student who select:**

- Essential English (Applied) or
- English as an Additional Language (General) **cannot also select**
  - English (General)
  - Literature (General)
  - English & Literature Extension (General)

## MATHS

You must select at least **one or more** of the Maths offerings.

Either

- General Maths (General)
- Mathematical Methods (General)
- Specialist Mathematics (General)\*
- Essential Mathematics (Applied)

**\*Students who select:**

- Essential Mathematics (Applied) or General Mathematics (General) **cannot select** Mathematical Methods (General) or Specialist Mathematics (General)
- If you select Specialist Maths (General) **you must** also select Mathematical Methods (General)

PLEASE NOTE:

- Only General English subjects OR Applied English subjects can be included in the ATAR, but not both.
- Only General Maths subjects OR Applied Maths subjects can be included in the ATAR, but not both.

# Am I eligible to receive the QCE (Queensland Certificate of Education)?

## About the QCE

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The Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) is Queensland's senior secondary schooling qualification. It is internationally recognised and provides evidence of senior schooling achievements.

### What you can study

The QCE lets you choose from a wide range of [subjects and courses](#) to suit your interests, further study and career goals.

### How the QCE works

To receive a QCE, you must achieve the set amount of learning, at the set standard, in a set pattern, while meeting literacy and numeracy requirements.

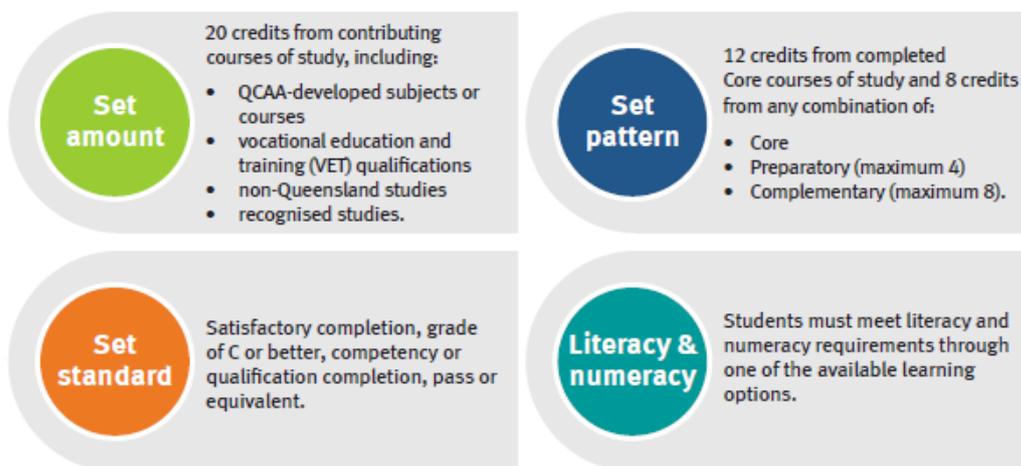
- **Set amount:** 20 credits from contributing courses of study, including:
  - QCAA-developed subjects or courses
  - vocational education and training (VET) qualifications
  - non-Queensland studies
  - recognised studies.
- **Set standard:** satisfactory completion, grade of C or better, competency or qualification completion, pass or equivalent.
- **Set pattern:** 12 credits from completed Core courses of study and 8 credits from any combination of:
  - Core
  - Preparatory (maximum 4 credits)
  - Complementary (maximum 8 credits).
- **Literacy and numeracy:** you must meet literacy and numeracy requirements through one of the available learning options. Most students will study and pass senior English and mathematics subjects and meet the requirements that way. For other students, there are other learning options available.

You are also required to have a learning account and achieve at least 1 credit of Core learning while enrolled in a Queensland school.

### Achieving your QCE

You will be awarded a QCE when you have met all the QCE requirements, either at the completion of Year 12, or after you have left school. You can continue to work towards your QCE for up to seven years after finishing Year 12.

For further information go to [myQCE](#).



# Am I eligible to receive an ATAR (Australian Tertiary Entrance Rank)?

The ATAR is the standard measure of overall school achievement used in all other Australian states and territories. It is a rank indicating a student's position overall relative to other students.

The ATAR is expressed on a 2000-point scale from 99.95 (highest) down to 0, in increments of 0.05.

ATARs below 30 will be reported as '30.00 or less'.

# ATAR

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The Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) is the primary mechanism used nationally for tertiary admissions. It indicates your position relative to other ATAR-eligible students.

From 2020, the ATAR will replace the Overall Position (OP) as the standard pathway to tertiary study for Year 12 students in Queensland.

The Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre (QTAC) will calculate ATARs for Queensland school students graduating in 2020 and seeking entry to tertiary courses from 2021.

The ATAR is calculated from results you achieve in Units 3 and 4 in:

- 5 General subjects, or
- 4 General subjects + 1 Applied subject or completed VET qualification at Certificate III level or above.

To be eligible for an ATAR, you must successfully complete an English subject.

Visit [QTAC's website](#) for more information about the ATAR.

To be eligible for an ATAR, a student must have:

- satisfactorily completed an English subject
- completed five General subjects, or four General subjects **plus** one Applied subject or VET course at AQF Certificate III or above
- accumulated their subject results within a five-year period.

While students must satisfactorily complete an English subject to be eligible for an ATAR, the result in English will only be included in the ATAR calculation if it is one of the student's best five subjects.

If you are aiming for an ATAR for tertiary study entry, Queensland universities have decided that the following rules will apply:

1. Only General English subjects or Applied English subjects can be included in the ATAR, but not both.
2. Only General Maths subjects or Applied Maths subjects can be included in the ATAR, but not both.
3. Only one type of language subject can be included in the ATAR – either General or Senior External Examination, but not both.

Your school may allow you to study several English, Maths and language subjects and that's fine, but make sure you discuss the rules with your Year Coordinator or Careers Advisors so you understand what will count towards your ATAR, and what won't.

For further information, go to

<https://myqce.qcaa.qld.edu.au/atar.html> &/ or

<https://www.qtac.edu.au/atar-my-path/atar>



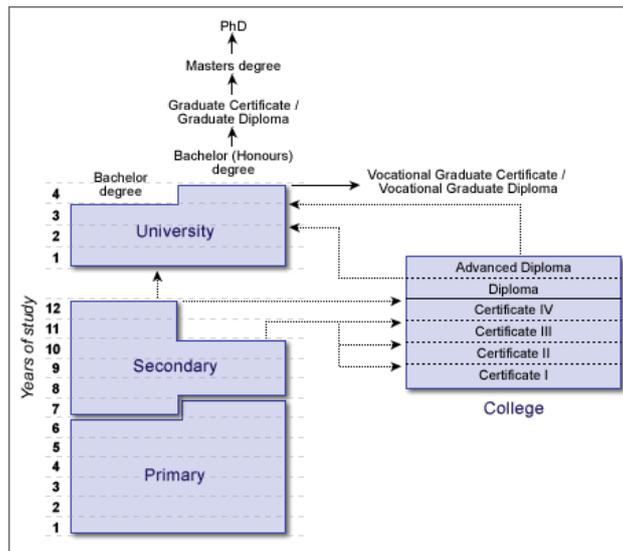
# PLANNING TEMPLATE

Bring this to your Senior Re-enrolment interview please.

My Selections:

<i>E.g. My Choice</i>	<i>Biology</i>	<i>G</i>		<i>1. I got a B on my report in Year 10 Science.</i> <i>2. I would like to study nursing and I need a science.</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Now YOU select:</b>					
	<b>The Subject I have selected:</b>	<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>	<b>Potential QCE points</b>	<b>Why have you chosen this option?</b>	<b>I have met the entry requirements.</b>
<b>1. A RELIGION SUBJECT</b> (1 or 2)		<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>		1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>2. AN ENGLISH SUBJECT</b> (1 or 2)		<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>		1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>3. A MATHS SUBJECT</b> (1 or 2)		<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>		1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>Now YOU select up to three (3) more</b> (remember you can do multiple Religion, English and Maths subjects as well as Certificate courses). Check the Entry Requirements. <b>You need 6 selections in total.</b>					
<b>4. YOUR CHOICE</b>		<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>		1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>5. YOUR CHOICE</b>		<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>		1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>6. YOUR CHOICE</b>  OR		<b>G = General</b> <b>A = Applied</b> <b>C = Certificate</b>		1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>6. TAFE / SUN PROGRAM / TRAINEESHIP</b>				1. 2.	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
<b>TOTAL NUMBER OF SELECTIONS</b>		<b>TOTAL G =</b> <b>TOTAL A =</b> <b>TOTAL C =</b>	<b>TOTAL POTENTIAL QCE POINTS =</b>	<b>Are you QCE eligible? (Min C standard, Pass in all subjects, total = 20 credit points minimum)</b> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Prerequisites met?</b>  <input type="checkbox"/> YES
				<b>Are you ATAR eligible? (Min of 4 General Subjects)</b> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> NO

# Career Planning and Tertiary Study



The Structure of the Australian Education System (Visa Assist. Study Pathways, 2013)

## Selecting Senior Subjects

Selecting senior subjects is a complex but ultimately essential process that can have significant consequences for a student. A wise choice has the potential to impact positively on how a student feels about their schooling and opportunities for success. Subject selection is an important aspect of early career planning, particularly if further study at a tertiary institution is integral to future career plans. It is recommended that students choose subjects which:

- They feel confident of achieving success in.
- They have demonstrated some success in related fields, skills and knowledge previously.
- They enjoy.
- Will help them develop skills and knowledge they will require after Year 11 & 12.
- Will help them achieve their chosen early career goals or keep career options open.

Before making a decision about subject selection, students should consider the following:

1. Investigate occupational pathways.
2. Check tertiary admission policies (pre-requisites, folios of work, examinations).
3. Keep your options open.

While some students seem very confident about the career choice they may make during Year 10 it is not unusual for them to change their mind over the final two years of senior schooling. Given the changing employment conditions in Australia and the unpredictability of future industry determinants, it is wise to have a number of career options in mind as subjects are selected. Engaging fully with SET planning in Year 10, researching thoroughly expectations and choosing a balance of subjects across a variety of disciplines can ensure that options remain open for students. Success breeds success. When selecting subjects, students should look for subjects where they have experienced success in its many forms.

# Emmaus students typically select from:

## General subjects

General subjects are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead primarily to tertiary studies and to pathways for vocational education and training and work. General subjects include Extension subjects.

## Applied subjects

Applied subjects are suited to students who are primarily interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training or work.

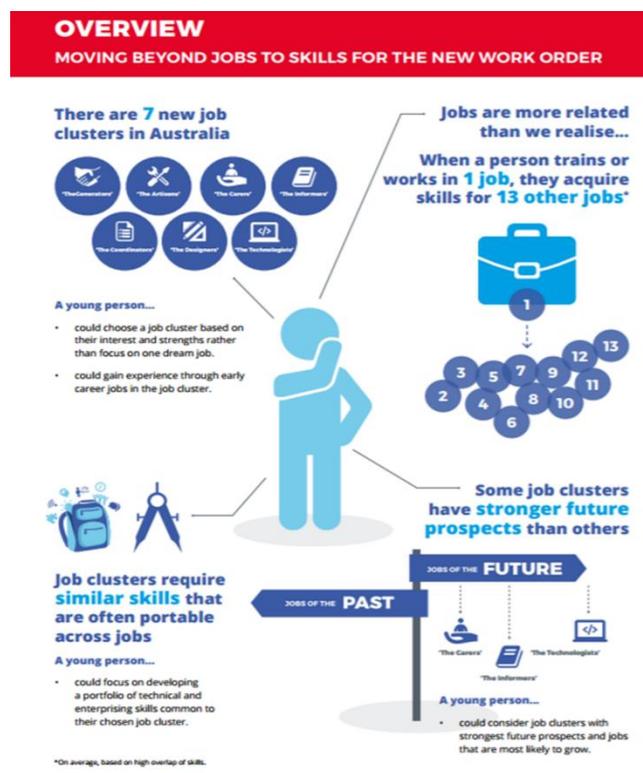
## Vocational education and training (VET)

Students can access VET programs through Emmaus College.

While Emmaus is not a registered training organisation (RTO), the College has third-party arrangements with external providers and offers opportunities for students to undertake school-based apprenticeships and traineeships.

In 2020, students at Emmaus are able to enrol in the following Certificate courses.

- Certificate III in Allied Health Assistant (Cairns Training Company)
- Certificate III in Early Childhood Education and care (Cairns Training Company)
- Certificate III in Fitness (Binnacle Training)



The Foundation for Young Australians (2016). *The New Work Mindset. 7 new job clusters to help young people navigate the new work order.*  
<https://www.fya.org.au/report/the-new-work-mindset-report/>

Students can also enrol in Certificate Courses and Traineeships offered by outside providers. An example of courses undertaken in previous years are listed below.

## **Certificate courses and Traineeships undertaken at Emmaus in 2020 included:**

### **Certificate Courses**

- Certificate I Construction
- Certificate II Automotive
- Certificate II Animal Care
- Certificate II Health
- Certificate II Salon Assist
- Certificate II Retail
- Certificate II Hospitality
- Certificate II Animal Studies
- Certificate II Electrical
- Certificate II Electro Technology
- Certificate II Engineering
- Certificate II Information Technology
- Certificate III Beauty
- Certificate III Salon Assist
- Certificate III Hairdressing

### **Traineeships and Apprenticeships**

### **Start University Now**



# The process for online subject selection.

During Term 3 students in Year 10 will undertake a range of Senior (Years 11 & 12) subject selection preparation activities.

- Tutors will guide students through activities required to complete their SET Plan (Senior Education and Training Plan).
- Students will work through QTAC (Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre) **My Path** program and Tertiary prerequisites available through QTAC
- Heads of Faculty will address students at Year Level Assembly where the subjects on offer and expectations will be outlined.
- Students and parents will have the opportunity to meet with Heads of Faculty, subject faculty staff and representatives from TAFE, training providers and universities at a **Subject Selection evening, Tuesday, 11 August, Term 3.**
- Students make their **subject selections on-line by 4pm, Friday, 21 August**, and submit their signed subject receipt to the office.
- Students and parents or carers are required to attend an **interview** with during Week 9 Term 3. (**7 – 11 September**) to finalise subject selections.

## Important due dates.

- ❑ Complete Web Preferences **FRIDAY 21 AUGUST**
- ❑ Hand in a signed 'Preference Receipt' to the office on Main St by 4pm **FRIDAY 21 AUGUST**
- ❑ Book Senior Enrolment interview -Parent / Carer & student **7 – 11 Sept** ([www.sobs.com.au](http://www.sobs.com.au))

## WEB PREFERENCES ACCESS GUIDE

Web Preferences is a web application that allows students to enter their subject preferences on-line. Before you begin, make sure that you have access to a computer that has the following:

- An Internet Connection.
- A web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher).
- Access to a printer.

### Step One - Accessing Web Preferences

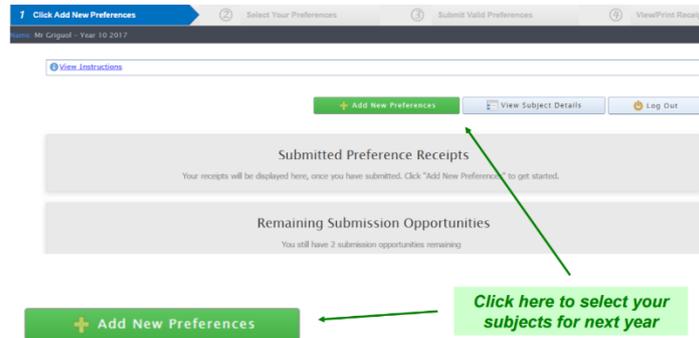
Click the link and go to [select my Subjects](#)

### Step Two - Logging into Web Preferences

Students receive an email with the link to the site that allows them to make their subject selections.

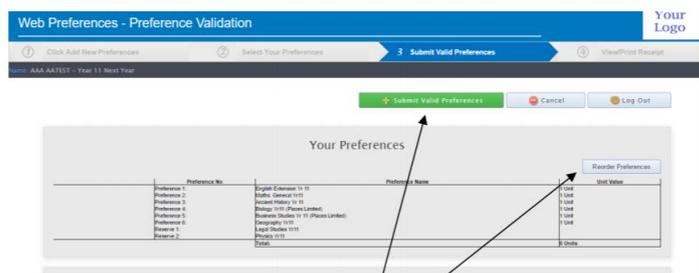
### Step Three – Selecting Preferences

- To view a list of the subjects available for selection and any personal restrictions click on the “**View Subject Details**” button.
- To continue click on the button “**Return to Home Page**”.
- To select or change your preferences click on the “**Add New Preferences**” button.
- On the Preference Selection page, follow the instructions to select subjects from the **drop down** list boxes.
- When you have finished, click on the “**Proceed**” button.



#### Step Four – Validating Preferences

- The “**Preference Validation**” page will display all your preferences in the order you selected them.
- If you are **happy with your preferences** then continue by clicking the “**Submit Valid Preferences**” button which will open a page titled “**Preference Receipt**”.
- Alternatively if you **would like to make changes** to the preferences entered click on the “**Cancel**” button this will take you back to the Preference Selection page.



#### Step Five – Finishing Up

- You must print and sign the “**Preference Receipt**” page by clicking on the “**Open Print View**” button and clicking the “**Print Receipt**” button.
- To continue click on the “**Return to Home Page**” button.
- If you want to **change your preferences**, repeat the process by clicking the “**Add New Preferences**” button, otherwise exit by clicking the “**Log out**” button.”

Print Receipt | Download PDF | Close

---

**Web Preferences Receipt**  
 Web Preferences Training College (Year 11 Next Year)

**Student Name:** AAA AATEST

Home Group:	AAA AATEST	Subject Value Total:	
Date:	24/07/2016 9:50:19 AM	No. of Subjects/Units Selected:	
Receipt Code:	L1-4899-047996-375137	Submission No.:	

---

**Preference List:**

- Preference 1: English Extension Yr 11
- Preference 2: Maths - General Yr11
- Preference 3: Ancient History Yr 11
- Preference 4: Biology Yr11 (Places Limited)
- Preference 5: Business Studies Yr 11 (Places Limited)
- Preference 6: Geography Yr11
- Reserve 1: Legal Studies Yr11
- Reserve 2: Physics Yr11

---

**Student Text Entry Answers:**

What is your career choice? \_\_\_\_\_ Teacher

---

Please print this receipt, have it signed and place it in the appropriate tray outside the main office.  
 For your records, print a second receipt.

---

Your Home Teacher will contact you next week to make an appointment with you to discuss your selections.

Student Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent / Guardian Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

This receipt can be printed  
or downloaded as a pdf.

**Click Close**

*If you encounter any problems, please contact your tutor or Mrs Howell  
 ([helen\\_howell@emmaus.qld.edu.au](mailto:helen_howell@emmaus.qld.edu.au))*

## Advisors



**Narelle Sommerfeld**  
Careers Advisor



**Alison King**  
Head of Year 10



**Melinda Spottiswood**  
Acting Head of Year 11



**Dan Mollard**  
Head of Year 12



**Allan Hilcher**  
Acting Director  
of Campus



**Ashling Canavan**  
Head of  
Academic Performance



**Helen Howell**  
Deputy Principal –  
Curriculum



**Simon Warren**  
Assistant Principal –  
Teaching and Learning

# QCAA senior syllabuses

## Mathematics

### General

- General Mathematics
- Mathematical Methods
- Specialist Mathematics

### Applied

- Essential Mathematics

## English

### General

- English
- English as an Additional Language
- Literature
- English & Literature Extension

### Applied

- Essential English

## Humanities

### General

- Accounting
- Ancient History
- Business
- Geography
- Legal Studies
- Modern History
- Study of Religion

### Applied

- Business Studies
- Religion & Ethics
- Tourism

## Technologies

### General

- Design
- Digital Solutions
- Food & Nutrition

### Applied

- Engineering Skills
- Fashion
- Furnishing Skills
- Industrial Graphics Skills
- Information & Communication Technology
- Hospitality Practices

## Health and Physical Education

### General

- Health
- Physical Education

### Applied

- Sport & Recreation

## Science

### General

- Biology
- Chemistry
- Physics
- Psychology

## Languages

### General

- Japanese

## The Arts

### General

- Dance
- Drama
- Music
- Visual Art

### Applied

- Visual Arts in Practice

# Head of Faculty



Visual Arts  
Cajetan Goves



English  
Carley Elliott



Social Science and  
Japanese  
Chris Champion



Health and Physical  
Education  
Darlene Hamilton



Religious Education  
Helen Mollard



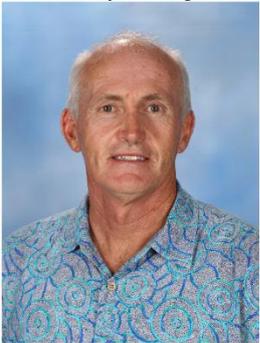
Information Technology  
& Business  
Karyl Young



Performing Arts  
Nicole Driver



Industrial  
Technology & Design  
Mike Harald



Mathematics  
Peter  
O'Shaughnessy



Science  
Ron Howell



Textiles & Food  
Technologies  
Wendy Smith

# General Mathematics

## General senior subject

General

General Mathematics' major domains are Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices, building on the content of the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

General Mathematics is designed for students who want to extend their mathematical skills beyond Year 10 but whose future studies or employment pathways do not require calculus.

Students build on and develop key mathematical ideas, including rates and percentages, concepts from financial mathematics, linear and non-linear expressions, sequences, the use of matrices and networks to model and solve authentic problems, the use of trigonometry to find solutions to practical problems, and the exploration of real-world phenomena in statistics.

Students engage in a practical approach that equips learners for their needs as future citizens. They learn to ask appropriate questions, map out pathways, reason about complex solutions, set up models and communicate in different forms. They experience the relevance of mathematics to their daily lives, communities and cultural backgrounds. They develop the ability to understand, analyse and take action regarding social issues in their world.

## Pathways

A course of study in General Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business, commerce, education, finance, IT, social science and the arts.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Money, measurement and relations</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consumer arithmetic</li> <li>• Shape and measurement</li> <li>• Linear equations and their graphs</li> </ul>	<b>Applied trigonometry, algebra, matrices and univariate data</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Applications of trigonometry</li> <li>• Algebra and matrices</li> <li>• Univariate data analysis</li> </ul>	<b>Bivariate data, sequences and change, and Earth geometry</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bivariate data analysis</li> <li>• Time series analysis</li> <li>• Growth and decay in sequences</li> <li>• Earth geometry and time zones</li> </ul>	<b>Investing and networking</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loans, investments and annuities</li> <li>• Graphs and networks</li> <li>• Networks and decision mathematics</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# Mathematical Methods

## General senior subject

General

Mathematical Methods' major domains are Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

Mathematical Methods enables students to see the connections between mathematics and other areas of the curriculum and apply their mathematical skills to real-world problems, becoming critical thinkers, innovators and problem-solvers.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, and build on algebra, functions and their graphs, and probability from the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Calculus is essential for developing an understanding of the physical world. The domain Statistics is used to describe and analyse phenomena involving uncertainty and variation. Both are the basis for developing effective models of the world and solving complex and abstract mathematical problems.

Students develop the ability to translate written, numerical, algebraic, symbolic and graphical information from one representation to another. They make complex use of factual knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems.

## Pathways

A course of study in Mathematical Methods can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of natural and physical sciences (especially physics and chemistry), mathematics and science education, medical and health sciences (including human biology, biomedical science, nanoscience and forensics), engineering (including chemical, civil, electrical and mechanical engineering, avionics, communications and mining), computer science (including electronics and software design), psychology and business.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Algebra, statistics and functions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Arithmetic and geometric sequences and series 1</li> <li>• Functions and graphs</li> <li>• Counting and probability</li> <li>• Exponential functions 1</li> <li>• Arithmetic and geometric sequences</li> </ul>	<b>Calculus and further functions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exponential functions 2</li> <li>• The logarithmic function 1</li> <li>• Trigonometric functions 1</li> <li>• Introduction to differential calculus</li> <li>• Further differentiation and applications 1</li> <li>• Discrete random variables 1</li> </ul>	<b>Further calculus</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The logarithmic function 2</li> <li>• Further differentiation and applications 2</li> <li>• Integrals</li> </ul>	<b>Further functions and statistics</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Further differentiation and applications 3</li> <li>• Trigonometric functions 2</li> <li>• Discrete random variables 2</li> <li>• Continuous random variables and the normal distribution</li> <li>• Interval estimates for proportions</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# Specialist Mathematics

## General senior subject

General

Specialist Mathematics' major domains are Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus.

Specialist Mathematics is designed for students who develop confidence in their mathematical knowledge and ability, and gain a positive view of themselves as mathematics learners. They will gain an appreciation of the true nature of mathematics, its beauty and its power.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, building on functions, calculus, statistics from Mathematical Methods, while vectors, complex numbers and matrices are introduced. Functions and calculus are essential for creating models of the physical world. Statistics are used to describe and analyse phenomena involving probability, uncertainty and variation. Matrices, complex numbers and vectors are essential tools for explaining abstract or complex relationships that occur in scientific and technological endeavours.

Student learning experiences range from practising essential mathematical routines to developing procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning.

## Pathways

A course of study in Specialist Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, all branches of mathematics and statistics, computer science, medicine, engineering, finance and economics.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus.

## Structure

Specialist Mathematics is to be undertaken in conjunction with, or on completion of, Mathematical Methods.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Combinatorics, vectors and proof</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Combinatorics</li> <li>• Vectors in the plane</li> <li>• Introduction to proof</li> </ul>	<b>Complex numbers, trigonometry, functions and matrices</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complex numbers 1</li> <li>• Trigonometry and functions</li> <li>• Matrices</li> </ul>	<b>Mathematical induction, and further vectors, matrices and complex numbers</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proof by mathematical induction</li> <li>• Vectors and matrices</li> <li>• Complex numbers 2</li> </ul>	<b>Further statistical and calculus inference</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Integration and applications of integration</li> <li>• Rates of change and differential equations</li> <li>• Statistical inference</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# Essential Mathematics

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Essential Mathematics' major domains are Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

Essential Mathematics benefits students because they develop skills that go beyond the traditional ideas of numeracy.

Students develop their conceptual understanding when they undertake tasks that require them to connect mathematical concepts, operations and relations. They learn to recognise definitions, rules and facts from everyday mathematics and data, and to calculate using appropriate mathematical processes.

Students interpret and use mathematics to make informed predictions and decisions about personal and financial priorities. This is achieved through an emphasis on estimation, problem-solving and reasoning, which develops students into thinking citizens.

## Pathways

A course of study in Essential Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students learn within a practical context

related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Number, data and graphs</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fundamental topic: Calculations</li><li>• Number</li><li>• Representing data</li><li>• Graphs</li></ul>	<b>Money, travel and data</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fundamental topic: Calculations</li><li>• Managing money</li><li>• Time and motion</li><li>• Data collection</li></ul>	<b>Measurement, scales and data</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fundamental topic: Calculations</li><li>• Measurement</li><li>• Scales, plans and models</li><li>• Summarising and comparing data</li></ul>	<b>Graphs, chance and loans</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fundamental topic: Calculations</li><li>• Bivariate graphs</li><li>• Probability and relative frequencies</li><li>• Loans and compound interest</li></ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

### Summative assessments

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Problem-solving and modelling task</li></ul>	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Problem-solving and modelling task</li></ul>
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Common internal assessment (CIA)</li></ul>	Summative internal assessment (IA4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination</li></ul>

Numeracy is a one-unit course of study, developed to meet a specific curriculum need. It is informed by the Australian Core Skills Framework (ACSF) Level 3.

Numeracy is integral to a person's ability to function effectively in society. Students learn strategies to develop and monitor their own learning, identify and communicate mathematical information in a range of texts and real-life contexts, use mathematical processes and strategies to solve problems, and reflect on outcomes and the appropriateness of the mathematics used.

Students identify, locate, act upon, interpret and communicate mathematical ideas and information. They represent these ideas and information in a number of ways, and draw meaning from them for everyday life and work activities. Students use oral and written mathematical language and representation to convey information and the results of problem-solving activities.

## Pathways

A course of study in Numeracy may establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students will learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- select and interpret mathematical information
- select from and use a variety of developing mathematical and problem-solving strategies
- use oral and written mathematical language and representation to communicate mathematically
- plan, implement and adjust processes to achieve learning outcomes
- apply learning strategies.

## Structure and assessment

Schools develop two assessment instruments to determine the student's exit result.

Topic 1: Personal identity and education	Topic 2: The work environment
<p>One assessment consisting of two parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• an extended response — oral mathematical presentation (Internal assessment 1A)</li><li>• a student learning journal (Internal assessment 1B).</li></ul>	<p>One assessment consisting of two parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• an examination — short response (Internal assessment 2A)</li><li>• a student learning journal (Internal assessment 2B).</li></ul>

English focuses on the study of both literary texts and non-literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied texts.

Students are offered opportunities to interpret and create texts for personal, cultural, social and aesthetic purposes. They learn how language varies according to context, purpose and audience, content, modes and mediums, and how to use it appropriately and effectively for a variety of purposes. Students have opportunities to engage with diverse texts to help them develop a sense of themselves, their world and their place in it.

Students communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating texts. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies for participating actively in literary analysis and the creation of texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms, for a variety of purposes and audiences. They explore how literary and non-literary texts shape perceptions of the world, and consider ways in which texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

### Pathways

A course of study in English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Perspectives and texts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examining and creating perspectives in texts</li> <li>Responding to a variety of non-literary and literary texts</li> <li>Creating responses for public audiences and persuasive texts</li> </ul>	<b>Texts and culture</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examining and shaping representations of culture in texts</li> <li>Responding to literary and non-literary texts, including a focus on Australian texts</li> <li>Creating imaginative and analytical texts</li> </ul>	<b>Textual connections</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exploring connections between texts</li> <li>Examining different perspectives of the same issue in texts and shaping own perspectives</li> <li>Creating responses for public audiences and persuasive texts</li> </ul>	<b>Close study of literary texts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engaging with literary texts from diverse times and places</li> <li>Responding to literary texts creatively and critically</li> <li>Creating imaginative and analytical texts</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Extended response — written response for a public audience	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination — imaginative written response	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Extended response — persuasive spoken response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — analytical written response	25%

# English as an Additional Language

## General senior subject

General

English as an Additional Language is designed for students for whom English is not their first or home language. It develops students' knowledge, understanding and language skills in Standard Australian English (SAE), and provides them with opportunities to develop higher-order thinking skills and to interpret and create texts for personal, cultural, social and aesthetic purposes.

Students have opportunities to engage with language and texts to foster the skills to communicate effectively in SAE for the purposes of responding to and creating literary and non-literary texts. They develop the language skills required to be competent users of written and spoken English in a variety of contexts, including academic contexts suitable for tertiary studies.

Students make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies to best convey intended meaning in the most appropriate medium and genre. They explore the ways literary and non-literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences. Students develop empathy for others and appreciation of different perspectives through a study of a range of literary texts from diverse cultures and periods.

## Pathways

A course of study in English as an Additional Language promotes not only language and literacy skills, but also open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Language, text and culture</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examining and shaping representations of culture in texts</li> <li>Responding to a variety of media and literary texts</li> <li>Creating analytical and persuasive texts</li> </ul>	<b>Perspectives in texts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examining and shaping perspectives in texts</li> <li>Responding to literary texts, including a focus on Australian texts</li> <li>Creating imaginative and analytical texts</li> </ul>	<b>Issues, ideas and attitudes</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exploring representations of issues, ideas and attitudes in texts</li> <li>Responding to literary and persuasive texts</li> <li>Creating analytical and persuasive texts</li> </ul>	<b>Close study of literary texts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Engaging with literary texts from diverse times and places</li> <li>Responding to literary texts creatively and critically</li> <li>Creating imaginative and analytical texts</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examination – analytical written response</li> </ul>	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Extended response – imaginative spoken/multimodal response</li> </ul>	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Extended response – persuasive written response</li> </ul>	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examination – analytical extended response</li> </ul>	25%

# Literature

## General senior subject

General

Literature focuses on the study of literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied literary texts.

Students engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster the skills to communicate effectively. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies to participate actively in the dialogue and detail of literary analysis and the creation of imaginative and analytical texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms.

Students explore how literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others. They explore ways in which literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

### Pathways

A course of study in Literature promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Introduction to literary studies</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ways literary texts are received and responded to</li> <li>• How textual choices affect readers</li> <li>• Creating analytical and imaginative texts</li> </ul>	<b>Texts and culture</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ways literary texts connect with each other — genre, concepts and contexts</li> <li>• Ways literary texts connect with each other — style and structure</li> <li>• Creating analytical and imaginative texts</li> </ul>	<b>Literature and identity</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationship between language, culture and identity in literary texts</li> <li>• Power of language to represent ideas, events and people</li> <li>• Creating analytical and imaginative texts</li> </ul>	<b>Independent explorations</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dynamic nature of literary interpretation</li> <li>• Close examination of style, structure and subject matter</li> <li>• Creating analytical and imaginative texts</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — analytical written response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response — imaginative written response	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Extended response — imaginative spoken/multimodal response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — analytical written response	25%

# English & Literature Extension

## General senior subject

General

English & Literature Extension is an extension of both the English (2019) and the Literature (2019) syllabuses and therefore offers more challenge than other English courses as it builds on the study students have already undertaken.

English & Literature Extension provides a theorised study of literature, and ways for students to understand themselves and the potential of literature to expand the scope of their experiences. Students ask critical questions about cultural assumptions, implicit values and differing world views encountered in an exploration of social, cultural and textual understandings about literary texts and the ways they might be interpreted and valued.

Students apply different theoretical approaches to analyse and evaluate a variety of literary texts and different ways readers might interpret these texts. They synthesise different interpretations and relevant theoretical approaches to produce written and spoken/signed extended analytical and evaluative texts. The nature of the learning in this subject provides opportunities for students to work independently on intellectually challenging tasks.

## Pathways

A course of study in English & Literature Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, and can lead to a range of careers in areas where understanding social, cultural and textual influences on ways of viewing the world is a key element, such as law, journalism, media, arts, curating, education, policy and human resources. It also provides a good introduction to the academic disciplines and fields of study that involve

the application of methodologies based on theoretical understandings.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate understanding of literary texts studied to develop interpretation/s
- demonstrate understanding of different theoretical approaches to exploring meaning in texts
- demonstrate understanding of the relationships among theoretical approaches
- apply different theoretical approaches to literary texts to develop and examine interpretations
- analyse how different genres, structures and textual features of literary texts support different interpretations
- use appropriate patterns and conventions of academic genres and communication, including correct terminology, citation and referencing conventions
- use textual features in extended analytical responses to create desired effects for specific audiences
- evaluate theoretical approaches used to explore different interpretations of literary texts
- evaluate interpretations of literary texts, making explicit the theoretical approaches that underpin them
- synthesise analysis of literary texts, theoretical approaches and interpretations with supporting evidence.

## Structure

To study English & Literature Extension, students should have completed Units 1 and 2 of either English or Literature. In Year 12, students undertake Units 3 and 4 of English & Literature Extension concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of English and/or Units 3 and 4 of Literature.

Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Ways of reading</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Readings and defences</li><li>• Complex transformation and defence</li></ul>	<b>Exploration and evaluation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Extended academic research paper</li><li>• Application of theory</li></ul>

## Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Extended response — reading and defence</li></ul>	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Extended response — academic research paper</li></ul>	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Extended response — complex transformation and defence</li></ul>	20%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — theorised exploration of unseen text</li></ul>	25%

# Essential English

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Essential English develops and refines students' understanding of language, literature and literacy to enable them to interact confidently and effectively with others in everyday, community and social contexts. Students recognise language and texts as relevant in their lives now and in the future and learn to understand, accept or challenge the values and attitudes in these texts.

Students engage with language and texts to foster skills to communicate confidently and effectively in Standard Australian English in a variety of contemporary contexts and social situations, including everyday, social, community, further education and work-related contexts. They choose generic structures, language, language features and technologies to best convey meaning. They develop skills to read for meaning and purpose, and to use, critique and appreciate a range of contemporary literary and non-literary texts.

Students use language effectively to produce texts for a variety of purposes and audiences and engage creative and imaginative thinking to explore their own world and the worlds of others. They actively and critically interact with a range of texts, developing an awareness of how the language they engage with positions them and others.

## Pathways

A course of study in Essential English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- use appropriate roles and relationships with audiences
- construct and explain representations of identities, places, events and concepts
- make use of and explain the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and influence meaning
- explain how language features and text structures shape meaning and invite particular responses
- select and use subject matter to support perspectives
- sequence subject matter and use mode-appropriate cohesive devices to construct coherent texts
- make mode-appropriate language choices according to register informed by purpose, audience and context
- use language features to achieve particular purposes across modes.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Language that works</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responding to a variety of texts used in and developed for a work context</li> <li>• Creating multimodal and written texts</li> </ul>	<b>Texts and human experiences</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responding to reflective and nonfiction texts that explore human experiences</li> <li>• Creating spoken and written texts</li> </ul>	<b>Language that influences</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Creating and shaping perspectives on community, local and global issues in texts</li> <li>• Responding to texts that seek to influence audiences</li> </ul>	<b>Representations and popular culture texts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responding to popular culture texts</li> <li>• Creating representations of Australian identities, places, events and concepts</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

### Summative assessments

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extended response — spoken/signed response</li> </ul>	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extended response — Multimodal response</li> </ul>
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Common internal assessment (CIA) — short response examination</li> </ul>	Summative internal assessment (IA4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extended response — Written response</li> </ul>

Literacy is a one-unit course of study, developed to meet a specific curriculum need. It is informed by the Australian Core Skills Framework (ACSF) Level 3.

Literacy is integral to a person's ability to function effectively in society. It involves the integration of speaking, listening and critical thinking with reading and writing.

Students learn strategies to develop and monitor their own learning, select and apply reading and oral strategies to comprehend and make meaning in texts, demonstrate the relationships between ideas and information in texts, evaluate and communicate ideas and information, and learn and use textual features and conventions.

Students identify and develop a set of knowledge, skills and strategies needed to shape language according to purpose, audience and context. They select and apply strategies to comprehend and make meaning in a range of texts and text types, and communicate ideas and information in a variety of modes. Students understand and use textual features and conventions, and demonstrate the relationship between ideas and information in written, oral, visual and multimodal texts.

## Pathways

A course of study in Literacy may establish a basis for further education and employment

in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students will learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the literacy used by various professional and industry groups.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- evaluate and integrate information and ideas to construct meaning from texts and text types
- select and apply reading strategies that are appropriate to purpose and text type
- communicate relationships between ideas and information in a style appropriate to audience and purpose
- select vocabulary, grammatical structures and conventions that are appropriate to the text
- select and use appropriate strategies to establish and maintain spoken communication
- derive meaning from a range of oral texts
- plan, implement and adjust processes to achieve learning outcomes
- apply learning strategies.

## Structure and assessment

Schools develop two assessment instruments to determine the student's exit result.

Topic 1: Personal identity and education	Topic 2: The work environment
<p>One assessment consisting of two parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an extended response — written (Internal assessment 1A)</li> <li>• a student learning journal (Internal assessment 1B).</li> </ul>	<p>One assessment consisting of two parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an extended response — short response (Internal assessment 2A)</li> <li>• a reading comprehension task (Internal assessment 2B).</li> </ul>

# Accounting

## General senior subject

General

Accounting provides opportunities for students to develop an understanding of the essential role accounting plays in the successful performance of any organisation. It involves systematically organising, critically analysing and communicating financial data and information for decision-making.

Students learn fundamental accounting concepts in order to understand accrual accounting, managerial and accounting controls, internal and external financial statements, and ratio analysis. They synthesise financial and other information, evaluate accounting practices, solve authentic accounting problems, and make and communicate recommendations.

Students develop numerical, literacy, technical, financial, critical thinking, decision-making and problem-solving skills. They develop an understanding of the ethical attitudes and values required to participate effectively and responsibly in a changing business environment.

## Pathways

A course of study in Accounting can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of accounting, business, management, banking, finance, law, economics and commerce.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend accounting concepts, principles and processes
- apply accounting principles and processes
- analyse and interpret financial data and information
- evaluate accounting practices to make decisions and propose recommendations
- synthesise and solve accounting problems
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose and audience.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Real world accounting</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accounting for a service business — cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and no GST</li> <li>• End-of-month reporting for a service business — no GST</li> </ul>	<p><b>Management effectiveness</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accounting for a trading GST business</li> <li>• End-of-year reporting for a trading GST business</li> </ul>	<p><b>Monitoring a business</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Managing resources for a trading GST business</li> <li>• Fully classified financial statement reporting for a trading GST business</li> </ul>	<p><b>Accounting — the big picture</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cash management</li> <li>• Complete accounting process for a trading GST business</li> <li>• Performance analysis of a public company</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — cash management	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — short response	25%

# Ancient History

## General senior subject

General

Ancient History provides opportunities for students to study people, societies and civilisations of the past, from the development of the earliest human communities to the end of the Middle Ages. Students explore the interaction of societies, and the impact of individuals and groups on ancient events and ways of life, and study the development of some features of modern society, such as social organisation, systems of law, governance and religion.

Students analyse and interpret archaeological and written evidence. They develop increasingly sophisticated skills and understandings of historical issues and problems by interrogating the surviving evidence of ancient sites, societies, individuals and significant historical periods. They investigate the problematic nature of evidence, pose increasingly complex questions about the past and formulate reasoned responses.

Students gain multi-disciplinary skills in analysing textual and visual sources, constructing arguments, challenging assumptions, and thinking both creatively and critically.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Investigating the ancient world</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Digging up the past</li> <li>• Ancient societies — Slavery</li> <li>• Ancient societies — Art and architecture</li> <li>• Ancient societies — Weapons and warfare</li> <li>• Ancient societies — Technology and engineering</li> <li>• Ancient societies — The family</li> </ul>	<p><b>Personalities in their time</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hatshepsut</li> <li>• Akhenaten</li> <li>• Xerxes</li> <li>• Perikles</li> <li>• Alexander the Great</li> <li>• Hannibal Barca</li> <li>• Cleopatra</li> <li>• Agrippina the Younger</li> <li>• Nero</li> <li>• Boudica</li> <li>• Cao Cao</li> </ul>	<p><b>Reconstructing the ancient world</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thebes — East and West, 18th Dynasty Egypt</li> <li>• The Bronze Age Aegean</li> <li>• Assyria from Tiglath Pileser III to the fall of the Empire</li> <li>• Fifth Century Athens (BCE)</li> <li>• Philip II and Alexander III of Macedon</li> </ul>	<p><b>People, power and authority</b></p> <p>Schools choose one study of power from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ancient Egypt — New Kingdom Imperialism</li> <li>• Ancient Greece — the Persian Wars</li> <li>• Ancient Greece — the Peloponnesian War</li> <li>• Ancient Rome — the Punic Wars</li> <li>• Ancient Rome — Civil War and the breakdown of the Republic</li> </ul>

## Pathways

A course of study in Ancient History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of archaeology, history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, health and social sciences, writing, academia and research.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend terms, issues and concepts
- devise historical questions and conduct research
- analyse evidence from historical sources to show understanding
- synthesise evidence from historical sources to form a historical argument
- evaluate evidence from historical sources to make judgments
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ancient societies — Beliefs, rituals and funerary practices.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Saladin (An-Nasir Salah ad-Din Yusuf ibn Ayyub)</li> <li>• Richard the Lionheart</li> <li>• Alternative choice of personality</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Early Imperial Rome</li> <li>• Pompeii and Herculaneum</li> <li>• Later Han Dynasty and the Three Kingdoms</li> <li>• The 'Fall' of the Western Roman Empire</li> <li>• The Medieval Crusades</li> </ul>	<p>QCAA will nominate one topic that will be the basis for an external examination from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thutmose III</li> <li>• Rameses II</li> <li>• Themistokles</li> <li>• Alkibiades</li> <li>• Scipio Africanus</li> <li>• Caesar</li> <li>• Augustus</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Examination — essay in response to historical sources</li> </ul>	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Investigation — historical essay based on research</li> </ul>	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Investigation — independent source investigation</li> </ul>	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Examination — short responses to historical sources</li> </ul>	25%

# Business

## General senior subject

General

Business provides opportunities for students to develop business knowledge and skills to contribute meaningfully to society, the workforce and the marketplace and prepares them as potential employees, employers, leaders, managers and entrepreneurs.

Students investigate the business life cycle, develop skills in examining business data and information and learn business concepts, theories, processes and strategies relevant to leadership, management and entrepreneurship. They investigate the influence of, and implications for, strategic development in the functional areas of finance, human resources, marketing and operations.

Students use a variety of technological, communication and analytical tools to comprehend, analyse, interpret and synthesise business data and information. They engage with the dynamic business world (in both national and global contexts), the changing workforce and emerging digital technologies.

## Pathways

A course of study in Business can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business management, business development, entrepreneurship, business analytics, economics, business law, accounting and finance, international business, marketing, human resources management and business information systems.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe business environments and situations
- explain business concepts, strategies and processes
- select and analyse business data and information
- interpret business relationships, patterns and trends to draw conclusions
- evaluate business practices and strategies to make decisions and propose recommendations
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose and audience.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Business creation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fundamentals of business</li><li>• Creation of business ideas</li></ul>	<b>Business growth</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Establishment of a business</li><li>• Entering markets</li></ul>	<b>Business diversification</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Competitive markets</li><li>• Strategic development</li></ul>	<b>Business evolution</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Repositioning a business</li><li>• Transformation of a business</li></ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response — feasibility report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — business report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Geography focuses on the significance of 'place' and 'space' in understanding our world. Students engage in a range of learning experiences that develop their geographical skills and thinking through the exploration of geographical challenges and their effects on people, places and the environment.

Students investigate places in Australia and across the globe to observe and measure spatial, environmental, economic, political, social and cultural factors. They interpret global concerns and challenges including responding to risk in hazard zones, planning sustainable places, managing land cover transformations and planning for population change. They develop an understanding of the complexities involved in sustainable planning and management practices.

Students observe, gather, organise, analyse and present data and information across a range of scales. They engage in real-world applications of geographical skills and thinking, including the collection and representation of data.

## Pathways

A course of study in Geography can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of urban and environmental design, planning and management; biological and environmental science; conservation and land management; emergency response and hazard management; oceanography, surveying, global security, economics, business, law, engineering, architecture, information technology, and science.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- explain geographical processes
- comprehend geographic patterns
- analyse geographical data and information
- apply geographical understanding
- synthesise information from the analysis to propose action
- communicate geographical understanding.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Responding to risk and vulnerability in hazard zones</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Natural hazard zones</li> <li>• Ecological hazard zones</li> </ul>	<b>Planning sustainable places</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responding to challenges facing a place in Australia</li> <li>• Managing the challenges facing a megacity</li> </ul>	<b>Responding to land cover transformations</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Land cover transformations and climate change</li> <li>• Responding to local land cover transformations</li> </ul>	<b>Managing population change</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Population challenges in Australia</li> <li>• Global population change</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation — data report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — field report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Legal Studies focuses on the interaction between society and the discipline of law and explores the role and development of law in response to current issues. Students study the legal system and how it regulates activities and aims to protect the rights of individuals, while balancing these with obligations and responsibilities.

Students study the foundations of law, the criminal justice process and the civil justice system. They critically examine issues of governance, explore contemporary issues of law reform and change, and consider Australian and international human rights issues.

Students develop skills of inquiry, critical thinking, problem-solving and reasoning to make informed and ethical decisions and recommendations. They identify and describe legal issues, explore information and data, analyse, evaluate to make decisions or propose recommendations, and create responses that convey legal meaning. They question, explore and discuss tensions between changing social values, justice and equitable outcomes.

## Pathways

A course of study in Legal Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of law, law enforcement, criminology, justice studies and politics. The knowledge, skills and attitudes students gain are transferable to all discipline areas and post-schooling tertiary pathways. The research and analytical skills this course develops are universally valued in business, health, science and engineering industries.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend legal concepts, principles and processes
- select legal information from sources
- analyse legal issues
- evaluate legal situations
- create responses that communicate meaning.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Beyond reasonable doubt</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Legal foundations</li> <li>• Criminal investigation process</li> <li>• Criminal trial process</li> <li>• Punishment and sentencing</li> </ul>	<b>Balance of probabilities</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Civil law foundations</li> <li>• Contractual obligations</li> <li>• Negligence and the duty of care</li> </ul>	<b>Law, governance and change</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Governance in Australia</li> <li>• Law reform within a dynamic society</li> </ul>	<b>Human rights in legal contexts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Human rights</li> <li>• The effectiveness of international law</li> <li>• Human rights in Australian contexts</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — combination response</li></ul>	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Investigation — argumentative essay</li></ul>	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Investigation — inquiry report</li></ul>	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — combination response</li></ul>	25%

# Modern History

## General senior subject

General

Modern History provides opportunities for students to gain historical knowledge and understanding about some of the main forces that have contributed to the development of the Modern World and to think historically and form a historical consciousness in relation to these same forces.

Modern History enables students to empathise with others and make meaningful connections between the past, present and possible futures.

Students learn that the past is contestable and tentative. Through inquiry into ideas, movements, national experiences and international experiences they discover how the past consists of various perspectives and interpretations.

Students gain a range of transferable skills that will help them become empathetic and critically-literate citizens who are equipped to embrace a multicultural, pluralistic, inclusive, democratic, compassionate and sustainable future.

## Pathways

A course of study in Modern History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, writing, academia and strategic analysis.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- devise historical questions and conduct research
- analyse evidence from historical sources to show understanding
- synthesise evidence from historical sources to form a historical argument
- evaluate evidence from historical sources to make judgments
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Ideas in the modern world</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Australian Frontier Wars, 1788–1930s</li> <li>• Age of Enlightenment, 1750s–1789</li> <li>• Industrial Revolution, 1760s–1890s</li> <li>• American Revolution, 1763–1783</li> <li>• French Revolution, 1789–1799</li> </ul>	<p><b>Movements in the modern world</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Australian Indigenous rights movement since 1967</li> <li>• Independence movement in India, 1857–1947</li> <li>• Workers' movement since the 1860s</li> <li>• Women's movement since 1893</li> <li>• May Fourth Movement in China, 1919</li> </ul>	<p><b>National experiences in the modern world</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Australia, 1914–1949</li> <li>• England, 1756–1837</li> <li>• France, 1799–1815</li> <li>• New Zealand, 1841–1934</li> <li>• Germany, 1914–1945</li> <li>• United States of America, 1917–1945</li> <li>• Soviet Union, 1920s–1945</li> <li>• Japan, 1931–1967</li> </ul>	<p><b>International experiences in the modern world</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Australian engagement with Asia since 1945</li> <li>• Search for collective peace and security since 1815</li> <li>• Trade and commerce between nations since 1833</li> <li>• Mass migrations since 1848</li> <li>• Information Age since 1936</li> </ul>

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Age of Imperialism, 1848–1914</li> <li>• Meiji Restoration, 1868–1912</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Independence movement in Algeria, 1945–1962</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• China, 1931–1976</li> <li>• Indonesia, 1942–1975</li> <li>• India, 1947–1974</li> <li>• Israel, 1948–1993</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Genocides and ethnic cleansings since the 1930s</li> <li>• Nuclear Age since 1945</li> <li>• Cold War, 1945–1991</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Boxer Rebellion, 1900–1901</li> <li>• Russian Revolution, 1905–1920s</li> <li>• Xinhai Revolution, 1911–1912</li> <li>• Iranian Revolution, 1977–1979</li> <li>• Arab Spring since 2010</li> <li>• Alternative topic for Unit 1</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Independence movement in Vietnam, 1945–1975</li> <li>• Anti-apartheid movement in South Africa, 1948–1991</li> <li>• African-American civil rights movement, 1954–1968</li> <li>• Environmental movement since the 1960s</li> <li>• LGBTIQ civil rights movement since 1969</li> <li>• Pro-democracy movement in Myanmar (Burma) since 1988</li> <li>• Alternative topic for Unit 2</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• South Korea, 1948–1972</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Struggle for peace in the Middle East since 1948</li> <li>• Cultural globalisation since 1956</li> <li>• Space exploration since 1957</li> <li>• Rights and recognition of First Peoples since 1982</li> <li>• Terrorism, anti-terrorism and counter-terrorism since 1984</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — essay in response to historical sources	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation — historical essay based on research	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Independent source investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — short responses to historical sources	25%

# Study of Religion

## General senior subject

General

Study of Religion investigates religious traditions and how religion has influenced, and continues to influence, people's lives. Students become aware of their own religious beliefs, the religious beliefs of others, and how people holding such beliefs are able to co-exist in a pluralist society.

Students study the five major world religions of Judaism, Christianity, Islam, Hinduism and Buddhism; and Australian Aboriginal spiritualities and Torres Strait Islander religion and their influence on people, society and culture. These are explored through sacred texts and religious writings that offer insights into life, and through the rituals that mark significant moments and events in the religion itself and the lives of adherents.

Students develop a logical and critical approach to understanding the influence of religion, with judgments supported through valid and reasoned argument. They develop critical thinking skills, including those of analysis, reasoning and evaluation, as well as communication skills that support further study and post-school participation in a wide range of fields.

## Pathways

A course of study in Study of Religion can establish a basis for further education and employment in such fields as anthropology, the arts, education, journalism, politics, psychology, religious studies, sociology and social work.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe the characteristics of religion and religious traditions
- demonstrate an understanding of religious traditions
- differentiate between religious traditions
- analyse perspectives about religious expressions within traditions
- consider and organise information about religion
- evaluate and draw conclusions about the significance of religion for individuals and its influence on people, society and culture
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Sacred texts and religious writings</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Sacred texts</li><li>• Abrahamic traditions</li></ul>	<b>Religion and ritual</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lifecycle rituals</li><li>• Calendrical rituals</li></ul>	<b>Religious ethics</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Social ethics</li><li>• Ethical relationships</li></ul>	<b>Religion, rights and the nation-state</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Religion and the nation–state</li><li>• Religion and human rights</li></ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — extended response</li></ul>	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Investigation — inquiry response</li></ul>	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Investigation — inquiry response</li></ul>	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — short response</li></ul>	25%

# Business Studies

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Business Studies provides opportunities for students to develop practical business knowledge, understanding and skills for use, participation and work in a range of business contexts.

Students develop their business knowledge and understanding through applying business practices and business functions in business contexts, analysing business information and proposing and implementing outcomes and solutions in business contexts.

Students develop effective decision-making skills and learn how to plan, implement and evaluate business outcomes and solutions, resulting in improved economic, consumer and financial literacy.

## Pathways

A course of study in Business Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in office administration, data entry, retail, sales, reception, small business, finance administration, public relations, property management, events administration and marketing.

## Structure

The Business Studies course is designed around core and elective topics. The elective learning occurs through business contexts.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Business practices, consisting of Business fundamentals, Financial literacy, Business communication and Business technology</li><li>• Business functions, consisting of Working in administration, Working in finance, Working with customers and Working in marketing</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Entertainment</li><li>• Events management</li><li>• Financial services</li><li>• Health and well-being</li><li>• Insurance</li><li>• Legal</li><li>• Media</li><li>• Mining</li><li>• Not-for-profit</li><li>• Real estate</li><li>• Retail</li><li>• Rural</li><li>• Sports management</li><li>• Technical, e.g. manufacturing, construction, engineering</li><li>• Tourism</li></ul>

## Objectives

By the end of the course of study, students should:

- describe concepts and ideas related to business functions
- explain concepts and ideas related to business functions
- demonstrate processes, procedures and skills related to business functions to complete tasks
- analyse business information related to business functions and contexts
- apply knowledge, understanding and skills related to business functions and contexts
- use language conventions and features to communicate ideas and information
- make and justify decisions for business solutions and outcomes
- plan and organise business solutions and outcomes
- evaluate business decisions, solutions and outcomes.

- Travel

## Assessment

For Business Studies, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments from at least three different assessment techniques, including:

- at least one project
- no more than two assessment instruments from any one technique.

Project	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
At least two different components from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 3–6 minutes</li> <li>• performance: continuous class time</li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	Presented in one of the following modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item on the test</li> </ul>

Religion & Ethics focuses on the personal, relational and spiritual perspectives of human experience. Students investigate and critically reflect on the role and function of religion and ethics in society.

Students investigate topics such as the meaning of life, spirituality, purpose and destiny, life choices, moral and ethical issues and justice and explore how these are dealt with in various religious, spiritual and ethical traditions. They examine how personal beliefs, values and spiritual identity are shaped and influenced by factors such as family, culture, gender, race, class and economic issues.

Students gain knowledge and understanding and develop the ability to think critically and communicate concepts relevant to their lives and the world in which they live.

### Pathways

A course of study in Religion & Ethics can establish a basis for further education and employment in any field. Students gain skills and attitudes that contribute to lifelong learning and the basis for engaging with others in diverse settings.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- recognise and describe concepts, ideas and terminology about religion, beliefs and ethics
- identify and explain the ways religion, beliefs and ethics contribute to the personal, relational and spiritual perspectives of life and society
- explain viewpoints and practices related to religion, beliefs and ethics
- organise information and material related to religion, beliefs and ethics
- analyse perspectives, viewpoints and practices related to religion, beliefs and ethics
- apply concepts and ideas to make decisions about inquiries
- use language conventions and features to communicate ideas and information, according to purposes
- plan and undertake inquiries about religion, beliefs and ethics
- communicate the outcomes of inquiries to suit audiences
- appraise inquiry processes and the outcomes of inquiries.

### Structure

The Religion & Ethics course is designed around core and elective topics. Each perspective of the core must be covered within every elective topic and integrated throughout the course.

Core topics	Elective topics	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Who am I? the personal perspective</li> <li>• Who are we? the relational perspective</li> <li>• Is there more than this? the spiritual perspective</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Australian scene</li> <li>• Ethics and morality</li> <li>• Good and evil</li> <li>• Heroes and role models</li> <li>• Indigenous Australian spiritualities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Peace and conflict</li> <li>• Religion and contemporary culture</li> <li>• Religions of the world</li> <li>• Religious citizenship</li> <li>• Sacred stories</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Meaning and purpose</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social justice</li> <li>• Spirituality</li> </ul>
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## Assessment

For Religion and Ethics, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments from at least three different assessment techniques, including:

- one project or investigation
- one examination
- no more than two assessments from each technique.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
<p>At least two different components from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 3–6 minutes</li> <li>• performance: continuous class time</li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item on the test</li> </ul>

# Tourism

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Tourism studies enable students to gain an appreciation of the role of the tourism industry and the structure, scope and operation of the related tourism sectors of travel, hospitality and visitor services.

Students examine the socio-cultural, environmental and economic aspects of tourism, as well as tourism opportunities, problems and issues across global, national and local contexts.

Students develop and apply tourism-related knowledge and understanding through learning experiences and assessment in which they plan projects, analyse issues and opportunities, and evaluate concepts and information.

### Pathways

A course of study in Tourism can establish a basis for further education and employment in businesses and industries such as tourist attractions, cruising, gaming, government and industry organisations, meeting and events coordination, caravan parks, marketing, museums and galleries, tour operations, wineries, cultural liaison, tourism and leisure industry development, and transport and travel.

### Structure

The Tourism course is designed around interrelated core topics and electives.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Tourism as an industry</li><li>• The travel experience</li><li>• Sustainable tourism</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Technology and tourism</li><li>• Forms of tourism</li><li>• Tourist destinations and attractions</li><li>• Tourism marketing</li><li>• Types of tourism</li><li>• Tourism client groups</li></ul>

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- recall terminology associated with tourism and the tourism industry
- describe and explain tourism concepts and information
- identify and explain tourism issues or opportunities
- analyse tourism issues and opportunities
- apply tourism concepts and information from a local, national and global perspective
- communicate meaning and information using language conventions and features relevant to tourism contexts
- generate plans based on consumer and industry needs
- evaluate concepts and information within tourism and the tourism industry
- draw conclusions and make recommendations.

## Assessment

For Tourism, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments from at least three different assessment techniques, including:

- one project
- one examination
- no more than two assessments from each technique.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
<p>At least two different components from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>– presentation: 3–6 minutes</li> </ul> </li> <li>• performance: continuous class time</li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>– presentation: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>– presentation: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item</li> </ul>

Career Education is a one-unit course, developed to meet a specific curriculum need. It is informed by the Australian Core Skills Framework (ACSF) Level 3.

It focuses on the development of knowledge, processes, skills, attributes and attitudes that will assist students to make informed decisions about their options and enable effective participation in their future study, working life and career.

Career Education can also assist schools in the development of the Senior Education and Training (SET) Plans for students.

Students explore career development and management strategies that help them plan for and shape their future, providing them with essential knowledge, understanding and skills for participation in a rapidly changing world of work. They come to understand what they need to adapt to multiple transitions in work, career and life, and use opportunities to transfer their developing abilities to a range of work-related and career contexts and activities.

As students consider their future directions and prepare to make successful transitions to work, career and further education and/or training, they explore career options that incorporate their interests and skills, set personal goals and implement initial stages of career plans.

## Structure and assessment

Schools develop two assessment instruments to determine the student's exit result.

Topic 1: My current skills and attributes	Topic 2: My options for the future
One assessment consisting of two parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• a spoken/signed presentation — workplace interview or survey (Internal assessment 1A)</li><li>• a student learning journal (Internal assessment 1B).</li></ul>	One assessment consisting of two parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• an extended written response — a career investigation (Internal assessment 2A)</li><li>• a student learning journal (Internal assessment 2B).</li></ul>

## Pathways

A course of study in Career Education may establish a basis for further education, training and/or employment in a range of fields. Students learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate knowledge and understanding of self, work practices and career development processes
- select, analyse and apply information related to work and career development
- use oral and written language to communicate information
- plan, implement and adjust processes to achieve learning outcomes
- apply learning.

# Design

## General senior subject

General

Design focuses on the application of design thinking to envisage creative products, services and environments in response to human needs, wants and opportunities. Designing is a complex and sophisticated form of problem-solving that uses divergent and convergent thinking strategies that can be practised and improved. Designers are separated from the constraints of production processes to allow them to appreciate and exploit new innovative ideas.

Students learn how design has influenced the economic, social and cultural environment in which they live. They understand the agency of humans in conceiving and imagining possible futures through design. Collaboration, teamwork and communication are crucial skills needed to work in design teams and liaise with stakeholders. They learn the value of creativity and build resilience as they experience iterative design processes, where the best ideas may be the result of trial and error and a willingness to take risks and experiment with alternatives.

Students learn about and experience design through exploring needs, wants and opportunities; developing ideas and design concepts; using drawing and low-fidelity prototyping skills; and evaluating ideas and design concepts. They communicate design proposals to suit different audiences.

## Pathways

A course of study in Design can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of architecture, digital media design, fashion design, graphic design, industrial design, interior design and landscape architecture.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe design problems and design criteria
- represent ideas, design concepts and design information using drawing and low-fidelity prototyping
- analyse needs, wants and opportunities using data
- devise ideas in response to design problems
- synthesise ideas and design information to propose design concepts
- evaluate ideas and design concepts to make refinements
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Design in practice</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Experiencing design</li><li>• Design process</li><li>• Design styles</li></ul>	<b>Commercial design</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Explore — client needs and wants</li><li>• Develop — collaborative design</li></ul>	<b>Human-centred design</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Designing with empathy</li></ul>	<b>Sustainable design</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Explore — sustainable design opportunities</li><li>• Develop — redesign</li></ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — design challenge</li></ul>	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Project</li></ul>	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Project</li></ul>	35%	Summative external assessment (EA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination — design challenge</li></ul>	25%

Digital Solutions enables students to learn about algorithms, computer languages and user interfaces through generating digital solutions to problems. Students engage with data, information and applications to create digital solutions that filter and present data in timely and efficient ways while understanding the need to encrypt and protect data. They understand computing's personal, local and global impact, and the issues associated with the ethical integration of technology into our daily lives.

Students use problem-based learning to write computer programs to create digital solutions that: use data; require interactions with users and within systems; and affect people, the economy and environments. They develop solutions using combinations of readily available hardware and software development environments, code libraries or specific instructions provided through programming.

Students create, construct and repurpose solutions that are relevant in a world where data and digital realms are transforming entertainment, education, business, manufacturing and many other industries.

## Pathways

A course of study in Digital Solutions can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technologies, engineering and mathematics.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and describe elements, components, principles and processes
- symbolise and explain information, ideas and interrelationships
- analyse problems and information
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- synthesise information and ideas to determine possible digital solutions
- generate components of the digital solution
- evaluate impacts, components and solutions against criteria to make refinements and justified recommendations
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Creating with code</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understanding digital problems</li> <li>• User experiences and interfaces</li> <li>• Algorithms and programming techniques</li> <li>• Programmed solutions</li> </ul>	<b>Application and data solutions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data-driven problems and solution requirements</li> <li>• Data and programming techniques</li> <li>• Prototype data solutions</li> </ul>	<b>Digital innovation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interactions between users, data and digital systems</li> <li>• Real-world problems and solution requirements</li> <li>• Innovative digital solutions</li> </ul>	<b>Digital impacts</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Digital methods for exchanging data</li> <li>• Complex digital data exchange problems and solution requirements</li> <li>• Prototype digital data exchanges</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation — technical proposal	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — folio	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — digital solution	30%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination	25%

Food & Nutrition is the study of food in the context of food science, nutrition and food technologies, in conjunction with study of the food system.

Students explore the chemical and functional properties of nutrients to create food solutions that maintain the beneficial nutritive values. This knowledge is fundamental for continued development of a safe and sustainable food system that can produce high quality, nutritious solutions with an extended shelf life. Their studies of the food system include the sectors of production, processing, distribution, consumption, research and development and the overarching principles of waste management, sustainability and food protection that have an impact on all sectors of the food system.

Students actively engage in a food and nutrition problem-solving process to create food solutions that contribute positively to preferred personal, social, ethical, economic, environmental, legal, sustainable and technological futures.

Using a problem-based learning approach, students learn to apply their food science, nutrition and technologies knowledge to solve real-world food and nutrition problems. Students will integrate and use new and existing knowledge to make decisions and solve problems through investigation, experimentation and analysis.

Food & Nutrition is inclusive of students' needs, interests and aspirations. It

challenges students to think about, respond to, and create solutions for contemporary problems in food and nutrition.

### Pathways

A course of study in Food & Nutrition can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technology, engineering and health.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and describe food and nutrition facts and principles
- explain food and nutrition ideas and problems
- analyse problems, information and data
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- synthesise information and data
- generate solutions to provide data to determine the feasibility of the solution
- evaluate and refine ideas and solutions to make justified recommendations for enhancement
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Food science of vitamins, minerals and protein</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to the food system</li> <li>• Vitamins and minerals</li> <li>• Protein</li> <li>• Developing food solutions</li> </ul>	<b>Food drivers and emerging trends</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consumer food drivers</li> <li>• Sensory profiling</li> <li>• Labelling and food safety</li> <li>• Food formulation for consumer markets</li> </ul>	<b>Food science of carbohydrate and fat</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The food system</li> <li>• Carbohydrate</li> <li>• Fat</li> <li>• Developing food solutions</li> </ul>	<b>Food solution development for nutrition consumer markets</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Formulation and reformulation for nutrition consumer markets</li> <li>• Food development process</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — folio	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — folio	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination	25%

# Engineering Skills

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Engineering Skills focuses on the underpinning industry practices and production processes required to create, maintain and repair predominantly metal products in the engineering manufacturing industry.

Students understand industry practices, interpret specifications, including technical information and drawings, demonstrate and apply safe and practical production processes with hand/power tools and machinery, communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate and plan production processes and evaluate the products they create using predefined specifications.

Students develop transferable skills by engaging in manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry, and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

### Pathways

A course of study in Engineering Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in engineering trades. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found, for example, as a sheet metal worker, metal fabricator, welder, maintenance fitter, metal machinist, locksmith, air-conditioning

mechanic, refrigeration mechanic or automotive mechanic.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- describe industry practices in manufacturing tasks
- demonstrate fundamental production skills
- interpret drawings and technical information
- analyse manufacturing tasks to organise materials and resources
- select and apply production skills and procedures in manufacturing tasks
- use visual representations and language conventions and features to communicate for particular purposes
- plan and adapt production processes
- create products from specifications
- evaluate industry practices, production processes and products, and make recommendations.

### Structure

The Engineering Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Industry practices</li><li>• Production processes</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fitting and machining</li><li>• Sheet metal working</li><li>• Welding and fabrication</li></ul>

## Assessment

For Engineering Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
<p>A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>– presentation: 3–6 minutes</li> </ul> </li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item</li> </ul>

# Fashion

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Fashion explores what underpins fashion culture, technology and design. Students use their imaginations to create, innovate and express themselves and their ideas, and to design and produce design solutions in a range of fashion contexts.

Students learn to appreciate the design aesthetics of others while developing their own personal style and aesthetic. They explore contemporary and historical fashion culture; learn to identify, understand and interpret fashion trends; and examine how the needs of different markets are met.

Students engage in a design process to plan, generate and produce fashion items. They investigate textiles and materials and their characteristics and how these qualities impact on their end use. They experiment with combining textiles and materials and how to make and justify aesthetic choices. They investigate fashion merchandising and marketing, the visual literacies of fashion and become discerning consumers of fashion while appraising and critiquing fashion items and trends as well as their own products.

## Pathways

A course of study in Fashion can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of design, personal styling,

costume design, production manufacture, merchandising, and retail.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- identify and interpret fashion fundamentals
- explain design briefs
- demonstrate elements and principles of fashion design and technical skills in fashion contexts
- analyse fashion fundamentals
- apply fashion design processes
- apply technical skills and design ideas related to fashion contexts
- use language conventions and features to achieve particular purposes
- generate, modify and manage plans and processes
- synthesise ideas and technical skills to create design solutions
- evaluate design ideas and products
- create communications that convey meaning to audiences.

## Structure

The Fashion course is designed around core and elective topics. The elective learning occurs through fashion contexts.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fashion culture</li><li>• Fashion technologies</li><li>• Fashion design</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Adornment<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Accessories</li><li>– Millinery</li><li>– Wearable art</li></ul></li><li>• Collections</li><li>• Fashion in history</li><li>• Haute couture</li><li>• Sustainable clothing</li><li>• Textiles</li><li>• Theatrical design</li></ul>

	• Fashion designers	• Merchandising
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## Assessment

For Fashion, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- two projects
- one extended response.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Product
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response applies identified skill/s in fashion technologies and design processes.
A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 3–6 minutes</li> <li>• product: 1–4.</li> </ul>	Presented in one of the following modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	Presented in one of the following modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• products 1–4</li> </ul>

# Furnishing Skills

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Furnishing Skills focuses on the underpinning industry practices and production processes required to manufacture furnishing products with high aesthetic qualities.

Students understand industry practices; interpret specifications, including technical information and drawings; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes with hand/power tools and machinery; communicate using oral, written and graphical modes; organise, calculate and plan production processes; and evaluate the products they create using predefined specifications.

Students develop transferable skills by engaging in manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry, and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

### Pathways

A course of study in Furnishing Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in the furnishing industry. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in furnishing trades as, for example,

a furniture-maker, wood machinist, cabinet-maker, polisher, shopfitter, upholsterer, furniture restorer, picture framer, floor finisher or glazier.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- describe industry practices in manufacturing tasks
- demonstrate fundamental production skills
- interpret drawings and technical information
- analyse manufacturing tasks to organise materials and resources
- select and apply production skills and procedures in manufacturing tasks
- use visual representations and language conventions and features to communicate for particular purposes
- plan and adapt production processes
- create products from specifications
- evaluate industry practices, production processes and products, and make recommendations.

### Structure

The Furnishing Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Industry practices</li><li>• Production processes</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cabinet-making</li><li>• Furniture finishing</li><li>• Furniture-making</li><li>• Glazing and framing</li><li>• Upholstery</li></ul>

## Assessment

For Furnishing Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
<p>A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>– presentation: 3-6 minutes</li> </ul> </li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item</li> </ul>

# Hospitality Practices

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Hospitality Practices develops knowledge, understanding and skills about the hospitality industry and emphasises the food and beverage sector, which includes food and beverage production and service.

Students develop an understanding of hospitality and the structure, scope and operation of related activities in the food and beverage sector and examine and evaluate industry practices from the food and beverage sector.

Students develop skills in food and beverage production and service. They work as individuals and as part of teams to plan and implement events in a hospitality context. Events provide opportunities for students to participate in and produce food and beverage products and perform service for customers in real-world hospitality contexts.

## Pathways

A course of study in Hospitality Practices can establish a basis for further education and employment in the hospitality sectors of food and beverage, catering, accommodation and entertainment. Students could pursue further studies in hospitality, hotel, event and tourism or business management, which allows for specialisation.

## Structure

The Hospitality Practices course is designed around core topics embedded in a minimum of two elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Navigating the hospitality industry</li><li>• Working effectively with others</li><li>• Hospitality in practice</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Kitchen operations</li><li>• Beverage operations and service</li><li>• Food and beverage service</li></ul>

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- explain concepts and ideas from the food and beverage sector
- describe procedures in hospitality contexts from the food and beverage sector
- examine concepts and ideas and procedures related to industry practices from the food and beverage sector
- apply concepts and ideas and procedures when making decisions to produce products and perform services for customers
- use language conventions and features to communicate ideas and information for specific purposes.
- plan, implement and justify decisions for events in hospitality contexts
- critique plans for, and implementation of, events in hospitality contexts
- evaluate industry practices from the food and beverage sector.

## Assessment

For Hospitality Practices, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one investigation or an extended response.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
<p>A project consists of a product and performance component and one other component from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 3–6 minutes</li> <li>• product and performance: continuous class time</li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item</li> </ul>

# Industrial Graphics Skills

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Industrial Graphics Skills focuses on the underpinning industry practices and production processes required to produce the technical drawings used in a variety of industries, including building and construction, engineering and furnishing.

Students understand industry practices, interpret technical information and drawings, demonstrate and apply safe practical modelling procedures with tools and materials, communicate using oral and written modes, organise and produce technical drawings and evaluate drawings using specifications.

Students develop transferable skills by engaging in drafting and modelling tasks that relate to business and industry, and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete tasks.

## Pathways

A course of study in Industrial Graphics Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of roles and trades in the manufacturing industries. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in drafting roles such as architectural drafter, estimator, mechanical drafter, electrical drafter,

structural drafter, civil drafter and survey drafter.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- describe industry practices in drafting and modelling tasks
- demonstrate fundamental drawing skills
- interpret drawings and technical information
- analyse drafting tasks to organise information
- select and apply drawing skills and procedures in drafting tasks
- use language conventions and features to communicate for particular purposes
- construct models from drawings
- create technical drawings from industry requirements
- evaluate industry practices, drafting processes and drawings, and make recommendations.

## Structure

The Industrial Graphics Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Industry practices</li><li>• Drafting processes</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Building and construction drafting</li><li>• Engineering drafting</li><li>• Furnishing drafting</li></ul>

## Assessment

For Industrial Graphic Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
<p>A project consists of a technical drawing (which includes a model) component and at least one of the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>– presentation: 3-6 minutes</li> </ul> </li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item</li> </ul>

# Information & Communication Technology

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Information & Communication Technology (ICT) focuses on the knowledge, understanding and skills related to engagement with information and communication technology through a variety of elective contexts derived from work, study and leisure environments of today.

Students are equipped with knowledge of current and emerging hardware and software combinations, an understanding of how to apply them in real-world contexts and the skills to use them to solve technical and/or creative problems. They develop knowledge, understanding and skills across multiple platforms and operating systems, and are ethical and responsible users and advocates of ICT, aware of the social, environmental and legal impacts of their actions.

Students apply their knowledge of ICT to produce solutions to simulated problems referenced to business, industry, government, education and leisure contexts.

## Pathways

A course of study in Information and Communication Technology can establish a basis for further education and employment in many fields, especially the fields of ICT

operations, help desk, sales support, digital media support, office administration, records and data management, and call centres.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- identify and explain hardware and software requirements related to ICT problems
- identify and explain the use of ICT in society
- analyse ICT problems to identify solutions
- communicate ICT information to audiences using visual representations and language conventions and features
- apply software and hardware concepts, ideas and skills to complete tasks in ICT contexts
- synthesise ICT concepts and ideas to plan solutions to given ICT problems
- produce solutions that address ICT problems
- evaluate problem-solving processes and solutions, and make recommendations.

## Structure

The Information & Communication Technology course is designed around:

- core topics integrated into modules of work
- using a problem-solving process
- three or more elective contexts.

Core topics	Elective contexts
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Hardware</li><li>• Software</li><li>• ICT in society</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Animation</li><li>• Application development</li><li>• Audio and video production</li><li>• Network fundamentals</li><li>• Online communication</li><li>• Website production</li></ul>

- Data management
- Digital imaging and modelling
- Document production

## Assessment

For Information & Communication Technology, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one extended response.

Project	Extended response
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.
A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 3–6 minutes</li> <li>• product: continuous class time.</li> </ul>	Presented in one of the following modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>

Health provides students with a contextualised strengths-based inquiry of the various determinants that create and promote lifelong health, learning and active citizenship. Drawing from the health, behavioural, social and physical sciences, the Health syllabus offers students an action, advocacy and evaluation-oriented curriculum.

Health uses an inquiry approach informed by the critical analysis of health information to investigate sustainable health change at personal, peer, family and community levels.

Students define and understand broad health topics, which they reframe into specific contextualised health issues for further investigation.

Students plan, implement, evaluate and reflect on action strategies that mediate, enable and advocate change through health promotion.

### Pathways

A course of study in Health can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of health science, public health, health education, allied health, nursing and medical professions.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and describe information about health-related topics and issues
- comprehend and use health approaches and frameworks
- analyse and interpret information about health-related topics and issues
- critique information to distinguish determinants that influence health status
- organise information for particular purposes
- investigate and synthesise information to develop action strategies
- evaluate and reflect on implemented action strategies to justify recommendations that mediate, advocate and enable health promotion
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Resilience as a personal health resource</b>	<b>Peers and family as resources for healthy living</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alcohol (elective)</li> <li>• Body image (elective)</li> </ul>	<b>Community as a resource for healthy living</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Homelessness (elective)</li> <li>• Road safety (elective)</li> <li>• Anxiety (elective)</li> </ul>	<b>Respectful relationships in the post-schooling transition</b>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation — action research	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation —analytical exposition	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination	25%

# Physical Education

## General senior subject

General

Physical Education provides students with knowledge, understanding and skills to explore and enhance their own and others' health and physical activity in diverse and changing contexts.

Physical Education provides a philosophical and educative framework to promote deep learning in three dimensions: about, through and in physical activity contexts. Students optimise their engagement and performance in physical activity as they develop an understanding and appreciation of the interconnectedness of these dimensions.

Students learn how body and movement concepts and the scientific bases of biophysical, sociocultural and psychological concepts and principles are relevant to their engagement and performance in physical activity. They engage in a range of activities to develop movement sequences and movement strategies.

Students learn experientially through three stages of an inquiry approach to make connections between the scientific bases and the physical activity contexts. They recognise and explain concepts and principles about and through movement, and demonstrate and apply body and movement concepts to movement sequences and movement strategies.

Through their purposeful engagement in physical activities, students gather data to analyse, synthesise and devise strategies to optimise engagement and performance. They engage in reflective decision-making as they evaluate and justify strategies to achieve a particular outcome.

## Pathways

A course of study in Physical Education can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of exercise science, biomechanics, the allied health professions, psychology, teaching, sport journalism, sport marketing and management, sport promotion, sport development and coaching.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- recognise and explain concepts and principles about movement
- demonstrate specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- apply concepts to specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies about movement
- evaluate strategies about and in movement
- justify strategies about and in movement
- make decisions about and use language, conventions and mode-appropriate features for particular purposes and contexts.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Motor learning, functional anatomy, biomechanics and physical activity</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Motor learning integrated with a selected physical activity</li> <li>• Functional anatomy and biomechanics integrated with a selected physical activity</li> </ul>	<b>Sport psychology, equity and physical activity</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sport psychology integrated with a selected physical activity</li> <li>• Equity — barriers and enablers</li> </ul>	<b>Tactical awareness, ethics and integrity and physical activity</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tactical awareness integrated with one selected 'Invasion' or 'Net and court' physical activity</li> <li>• Ethics and integrity</li> </ul>	<b>Energy, fitness and training and physical activity</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Energy, fitness and training integrated with one selected 'Invasion', 'Net and court' or 'Performance' physical activity</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Project — folio	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — folio	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — report	20%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

# Sport & Recreation

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Sport & Recreation provides students with opportunities to learn in, through and about sport and active recreation activities, examining their role in the lives of individuals and communities.

Students examine the relevance of sport and active recreation in Australian culture, employment growth, health and wellbeing. They consider factors that influence participation in sport and recreation, and how physical skills can enhance participation and performance in sport and recreation activities. Students explore how interpersonal skills support effective interaction with others, and the promotion of safety in sport and recreation activities. They examine technology in sport and recreation activities, and how the sport and recreation industry contributes to individual and community outcomes.

Students are involved in acquiring, applying and evaluating information about and in physical activities and performances, planning and organising activities, investigating solutions to individual and community challenges, and using suitable technologies where relevant. They communicate ideas and information in, about and through sport and recreation activities. They examine the effects of sport and recreation on individuals and communities, investigate the role of sport and recreation in maintaining good health, evaluate strategies to promote health and safety, and investigate personal and interpersonal skills to achieve goals.

### Pathways

A course of study in Sport & Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of fitness, outdoor recreation and education, sports administration, community health and recreation and sport performance.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate physical responses and interpersonal strategies in individual and group situations in sport and recreation activities
- describe concepts and ideas about sport and recreation using terminology and examples
- explain procedures and strategies in, about and through sport and recreation activities for individuals and communities
- apply concepts and adapt procedures, strategies and physical responses in individual and group sport and recreation activities
- manage individual and group sport and recreation activities
- apply strategies in sport and recreation activities to enhance health, wellbeing, and participation for individuals and communities
- use language conventions and textual features to achieve particular purposes
- evaluate individual and group physical responses and interpersonal strategies to improve outcomes in sport and recreation activities
- evaluate the effects of sport and recreation on individuals and communities
- evaluate strategies that seek to enhance health, wellbeing, and participation in sport and recreation activities and provide recommendations
- create communications that convey meaning for particular audiences and purposes.

## Structure

The Sport & Recreation course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sport and recreation in the community</li> <li>• Sport, recreation and healthy living</li> <li>• Health and safety in sport and recreation activities</li> <li>• Personal and interpersonal skills in sport and recreation activities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Active play and minor games</li> <li>• Challenge and adventure activities</li> <li>• Games and sports</li> <li>• Lifelong physical activities</li> <li>• Rhythmic and expressive movement activities</li> </ul>

## Assessment

For Sport & Recreation, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- one project (annotated records of the performance is also required)
- one investigation, extended response or examination.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Performance	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response involves the application of identified skill/s when responding to a task that involves solving a problem, providing a solution, providing instruction or conveying meaning or intent.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
At least two different components from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 500–900 words</li> <li>• spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 3–6 minutes</li> <li>• performance: 2–4 minutes.*</li> </ul>	Presented in one of the following modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	Presented in one of the following modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2–4 minutes*</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60–90 minutes</li> <li>• 50–250 words per item</li> </ul>

\* Evidence must include annotated records that clearly identify the application of standards to performance.

# Biology

## General senior subject

General

Biology provides opportunities for students to engage with living systems.

Students develop their understanding of cells and multicellular organisms. They engage with the concept of maintaining the internal environment. They study biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life. This knowledge is linked with the concepts of heredity and the continuity of life.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society. They develop their sense of wonder and curiosity about life; respect for all living things and the environment; understanding of biological systems, concepts, theories and models; appreciation of how biological knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; a sense of how biological knowledge influences society.

Students plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations; interpret evidence; use sound, evidence-based arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge; and communicate biological understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

## Pathways

A course of study in Biology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of medicine, forensics, veterinary, food and marine sciences, agriculture, biotechnology, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Cells and multicellular organisms</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cells as the basis of life</li><li>• Multicellular organisms</li></ul>	<b>Maintaining the internal environment</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Homeostasis</li><li>• Infectious diseases</li></ul>	<b>Biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Describing biodiversity</li><li>• Ecosystem dynamics</li></ul>	<b>Heredity and continuity of life</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DNA, genes and the continuity of life</li><li>• Continuity of life on Earth</li></ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data test</li></ul>	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Research investigation</li></ul>	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Student experiment</li></ul>	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination</li></ul>			

# Chemistry

## General senior subject

General

Chemistry is the study of materials and their properties and structure.

Students study atomic theory, chemical bonding, and the structure and properties of elements and compounds. They explore intermolecular forces, gases, aqueous solutions, acidity and rates of reaction. They study equilibrium processes and redox reactions. They explore organic chemistry, synthesis and design to examine the characteristic chemical properties and chemical reactions displayed by different classes of organic compounds.

Students develop their appreciation of chemistry and its usefulness; understanding of chemical theories, models and chemical systems; expertise in conducting scientific investigations. They critically evaluate and debate scientific arguments and claims in order to solve problems and generate informed, responsible and ethical conclusions, and communicate chemical understanding and findings through the use of appropriate representations, language and nomenclature.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

## Pathways

A course of study in Chemistry can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of forensic science, environmental science, engineering, medicine, pharmacy and sports science.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Chemical fundamentals — structure, properties and reactions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Properties and structure of atoms</li> <li>• Properties and structure of materials</li> <li>• Chemical reactions — reactants, products and energy change</li> </ul>	<b>Molecular interactions and reactions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intermolecular forces and gases</li> <li>• Aqueous solutions and acidity</li> <li>• Rates of chemical reactions</li> </ul>	<b>Equilibrium, acids and redox reactions</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chemical equilibrium systems</li> <li>• Oxidation and reduction</li> </ul>	<b>Structure, synthesis and design</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Properties and structure of organic materials</li> <li>• Chemical synthesis and design</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# Physics

## General senior subject

General

Physics provides opportunities for students to engage with classical and modern understandings of the universe.

Students learn about the fundamental concepts of thermodynamics, electricity and nuclear processes; and about the concepts and theories that predict and describe the linear motion of objects. Further, they explore how scientists explain some phenomena using an understanding of waves. They engage with the concept of gravitational and electromagnetic fields, and the relevant forces associated with them. They study modern physics theories and models that, despite being counterintuitive, are fundamental to our understanding of many common observable phenomena.

Students develop appreciation of the contribution physics makes to society: understanding that diverse natural phenomena may be explained, analysed and predicted using concepts, models and theories that provide a reliable basis for action; and that matter and energy interact in physical systems across a range of scales. They understand how models and theories are refined, and new ones developed in physics; investigate phenomena and solve problems; collect and analyse data; and interpret evidence. Students use accurate and precise measurement, valid and reliable evidence, and scepticism and intellectual rigour to evaluate claims; and communicate physics understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

## Pathways

A course of study in Physics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, engineering, medicine and technology.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Thermal, nuclear and electrical physics</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heating processes</li> <li>• Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions</li> <li>• Electrical circuits</li> </ul>	<b>Linear motion and waves</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear motion and force</li> <li>• Waves</li> </ul>	<b>Gravity and electromagnetism</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gravity and motion</li> <li>• Electromagnetism</li> </ul>	<b>Revolutions in modern physics</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Special relativity</li> <li>• Quantum theory</li> <li>• The Standard Model</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

# Psychology

## General senior subject

General

Psychology provides opportunities for students to engage with concepts that explain behaviours and underlying cognitions.

Students examine individual development in the form of the role of the brain, cognitive development, human consciousness and sleep. They investigate the concept of intelligence; the process of diagnosis and how to classify psychological disorder and determine an effective treatment; and the contribution of emotion and motivation on individual behaviour. They examine individual thinking and how it is determined by the brain, including perception, memory, and learning. They consider the influence of others by examining theories of social psychology, interpersonal processes, attitudes and cross-cultural psychology.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skill of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

## Pathways

A course of study in Psychology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of psychology, sales, human resourcing, training, social work, health, law, business, marketing and education.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicates understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>Individual development</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Psychological science A</li> <li>• The role of the brain</li> <li>• Cognitive development</li> <li>• Human consciousness and sleep</li> </ul>	<b>Individual behaviour</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Psychological science B</li> <li>• Intelligence</li> <li>• Diagnosis</li> <li>• Psychological disorders and treatments</li> <li>• Emotion and motivation</li> </ul>	<b>Individual thinking</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Localisation of function in the brain</li> <li>• Visual perception</li> <li>• Memory</li> <li>• Learning</li> </ul>	<b>The influence of others</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social psychology</li> <li>• Interpersonal processes</li> <li>• Attitudes</li> <li>• Cross-cultural psychology</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data test</li></ul>	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Research investigation</li></ul>	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Student experiment</li></ul>	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination</li></ul>			

# Japanese

## General senior subject

General

Japanese provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the Japanese language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from Japanese-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

### Pathways

A course of study in Japanese can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and

industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend Japanese to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions and justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- apply knowledge of Japanese language elements, structures and textual conventions to convey meaning appropriate to context, purpose, audience and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- use strategies to maintain communication and exchange meaning in Japanese.

### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<b>私の暮らし</b> <b>My world</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Family/carers and friends</li></ul>	<b>私達のまわり</b> <b>Exploring our world</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Travel</li></ul>	<b>私達の社会</b> <b>Our society</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Roles and relationships</li></ul>	<b>私の将来</b> <b>My future</b>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lifestyle and leisure</li> <li>• Education</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Technology and media</li> <li>• The contribution of Japanese culture to the world</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Socialising and connecting with my peers</li> <li>• Groups in society</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Finishing secondary school, plans and reflections</li> <li>• Responsibilities and moving on</li> </ul>
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## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	30%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

# Dance

## General senior subject

General

Dance fosters creative and expressive communication. It uses the body as an instrument for expression and communication of ideas. It provides opportunities for students to critically examine and reflect on their world through higher order thinking and movement. It encourages the holistic development of a person, providing a way of knowing about oneself, others and the world.

Students study dance in various genres and styles, embracing a variety of cultural, societal and historical viewpoints integrating new technologies in all facets of the subject. Historical, current and emerging dance practices, works and artists are explored in global contexts and Australian contexts, including the dance of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples. Students learn about dance as it is now and explore its origins across time and cultures.

Students apply critical thinking and literacy skills to create, demonstrate, express and reflect on meaning made through movement. Exploring dance through the lens of making and responding, students learn to pose and solve problems, and work independently and collaboratively. They develop aesthetic and kinaesthetic intelligence, and personal and social skills.

## Pathways

A course of study in Dance can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of dance, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research, and science and technology.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate an understanding of dance concepts and skills
- apply literacy skills
- organise and apply the dance concepts
- analyse and interpret dance concepts and skills
- apply technical skills
- realise meaning through expressive skills
- create dance to communicate meaning
- evaluate dance, justifying the use of dance concepts and skills.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Moving bodies</b> How does dance communicate meaning for different purposes and in different contexts?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Genres:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Contemporary</li> <li>– at least one other genre</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Subject matter:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– meaning, purpose and context</li> <li>– historical and cultural origins of focus genres</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>Moving through environments</b> How does the integration of the environment shape dance to communicate meaning?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Genres:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Contemporary</li> <li>– at least one other genre</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Subject matter:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– physical dance environments including site-specific dance</li> <li>– virtual dance environments</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>Moving statements</b> How is dance used to communicate viewpoints?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Genres:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Contemporary</li> <li>– at least one other genre</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Subject matter:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– social, political and cultural influences on dance</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>Moving my way</b> How does dance communicate meaning for me?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Genres:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– fusion of movement styles</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Subject matter:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– developing a personal movement style</li> <li>– personal viewpoints and influences on genre</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — dance work	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Choreography	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response			

# Drama

## General senior subject

General

Drama fosters creative and expressive communication. It interrogates the human experience by investigating, communicating and embodying stories, experiences, emotions and ideas that reflect the human experience. It engages students in imaginative meaning-making processes and involves them using a range of artistic skills as they make and respond to dramatic works.

Students experience, reflect on, understand, communicate, collaborate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world in which they live. They learn about the dramatic languages and how these contribute to the creation, interpretation and critique of dramatic action and meaning for a range of purposes. They study a range of forms, styles and their conventions in a variety of inherited traditions, current practice and emerging trends, including those from different cultures and contexts.

Students learn how to engage with dramatic works as both artists and audience through the use of critical literacies. The study of drama develops students' knowledge, skills and understanding in the making of and responding to dramatic works to help them realise their creative and expressive potential as individuals. Students learn to pose and solve problems, and work independently and collaboratively.

## Pathways

A course of study in Drama can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of drama, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research and science and technology.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate an understanding of dramatic languages
- apply literacy skills
- apply and structure dramatic languages
- analyse how dramatic languages are used to create dramatic action and meaning
- interpret purpose, context and text to communicate dramatic meaning
- manipulate dramatic languages to create dramatic action and meaning
- evaluate and justify the use of dramatic languages to communicate dramatic meaning
- synthesise and argue a position about dramatic action and meaning.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Share</b></p> <p>How does drama promote shared understandings of the human experience?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• cultural inheritances of storytelling</li> <li>• oral history and emerging practices</li> <li>• a range of linear and non-linear forms</li> </ul>	<p><b>Reflect</b></p> <p>How is drama shaped to reflect lived experience?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Realism, including Magical Realism, Australian Gothic</li> <li>• associated conventions of styles and texts</li> </ul>	<p><b>Challenge</b></p> <p>How can we use drama to challenge our understanding of humanity?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Theatre of Social Comment, including Theatre of the Absurd and Epic Theatre</li> <li>• associated conventions of styles and texts</li> </ul>	<p><b>Transform</b></p> <p>How can you transform dramatic practice?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contemporary performance</li> <li>• associated conventions of styles and texts</li> <li>• inherited texts as stimulus</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — practice-led project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — dramatic concept	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response			

# Music

## General senior subject

General

Music fosters creative and expressive communication. It allows students to develop musicianship through making (composition and performance) and responding (musicology).

Through composition, performance and musicology, students use and apply music elements and concepts. They apply their knowledge and understanding to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

Students use essential literacy skills to engage in a multimodal world. They demonstrate practical music skills, and analyse and evaluate music in a variety of contexts, styles and genres.

### Pathways

A course of study in Music can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- demonstrate technical skills
- explain the use of music elements and concepts
- use music elements and concepts
- analyse music
- apply compositional devices
- apply literacy skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- evaluate music to justify the use of music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas
- resolve music ideas.

### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Designs</b> Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:</p> <p>How does the treatment and combination of different music elements enable musicians to design music that communicates meaning through performance and composition?</p>	<p><b>Identities</b> Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:</p> <p>How do musicians use their understanding of music elements, concepts and practices to communicate cultural, political, social and personal identities when performing, composing and responding to music?</p>	<p><b>Innovations</b> Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:</p> <p>How do musicians incorporate innovative music practices to communicate meaning when performing and composing?</p>	<p><b>Narratives</b> Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:</p> <p>How do musicians manipulate music elements to communicate narrative when performing, composing and responding to music?</p>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Performance</li></ul>	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Integrated project</li></ul>	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Composition</li></ul>	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Examination</li></ul>			

# Visual Art

## General senior subject

General

Visual Art provides students with opportunities to understand and appreciate the role of visual art in past and present traditions and cultures, as well as the contributions of contemporary visual artists and their aesthetic, historical and cultural influences. Students interact with artists, artworks, institutions and communities to enrich their experiences and understandings of their own and others' art practices.

Students have opportunities to construct knowledge and communicate personal interpretations by working as both artist and audience. They use their imagination and creativity to innovatively solve problems and experiment with visual language and expression.

Through an inquiry learning model, students develop critical and creative thinking skills. They create individualised responses and meaning by applying diverse materials, techniques, technologies and art processes.

In responding to artworks, students employ essential literacy skills to investigate artistic expression and critically analyse artworks in diverse contexts. They consider meaning, purposes and theoretical approaches when ascribing aesthetic value and challenging ideas.

### Pathways

A course of study in Visual Art can establish a basis for further education and

employment in the fields of arts practice, design, craft, and information technologies; broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions; and diverse fields that use skills inherent in the subject, including advertising, arts administration and management, communication, design, education, galleries and museums, film and television, public relations, and science and technology.

### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- implement ideas and representations
- apply literacy skills
- analyse and interpret visual language, expression and meaning in artworks and practices
- evaluate art practices, traditions, cultures and theories
- justify viewpoints
- experiment in response to stimulus
- create meaning through the knowledge and understanding of materials, techniques, technologies and art processes
- realise responses to communicate meaning.

## Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<p><b>Art as lens</b> Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept: lenses to explore the material world</li> <li>• Contexts: personal and contemporary</li> <li>• Focus: People, place, objects</li> <li>• Media: 2D, 3D, and time-based</li> </ul>	<p><b>Art as code</b> Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept: art as a coded visual language</li> <li>• Contexts: formal and cultural</li> <li>• Focus: Codes, symbols, signs and art conventions</li> <li>• Media: 2D, 3D, and time-based</li> </ul>	<p><b>Art as knowledge</b> Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept: constructing knowledge as artist and audience</li> <li>• Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal</li> <li>• Focus: student-directed</li> <li>• Media: student-directed</li> </ul>	<p><b>Art as alternate</b> Through inquiry learning, the following are explored:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept: evolving alternate representations and meaning</li> <li>• Contexts: contemporary and personal, cultural and/or formal</li> <li>• Focus: continued exploration of Unit 3 student-directed focus</li> <li>• Media: student-directed</li> </ul>

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation — inquiry phase 1	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — inquiry phase 3	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — inquiry phase 2	25%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%			
• Examination			

# Visual Arts in Practice

## Applied senior subject

Applied

Visual Arts in Practice focuses on students engaging in art-making processes and making virtual or physical visual artworks. Visual artworks are created for a purpose and in response to individual, group or community needs.

Students explore and apply the materials, technologies and techniques used in art-making. They use information about design elements and principles to influence their own aesthetic and guide how they view others' works. They also investigate information about artists, art movements and theories, and use the lens of a context to examine influences on art-making.

Students reflect on both their own and others' art-making processes. They integrate skills to create artworks and evaluate aesthetic choices. Students decide on the best way to convey meaning through communications and artworks. They learn and apply safe visual art practices.

## Pathways

A course of study in Visual Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, including design, styling, decorating,

illustrating, drafting, visual merchandising, make-up artistry, advertising, game design, photography, animation or ceramics.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- recall terminology and explain art-making processes
- interpret information about concepts and ideas for a purpose
- demonstrate art-making processes required for visual artworks
- apply art-making processes, concepts and ideas
- analyse visual art-making processes for particular purposes
- use language conventions and features to achieve particular purposes
- generate plans and ideas and make decisions
- create communications that convey meaning to audiences
- evaluate art-making processes, concepts and ideas.

## Structure

The Visual Arts in Practice course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core	Electives
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Visual mediums, technologies, techniques</li><li>• Visual literacies and contexts</li><li>• Artwork realisation</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 2D</li><li>• 3D</li><li>• Digital and 4D</li><li>• Design</li><li>• Craft</li></ul>

## Assessment

For Visual Arts in Practice, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects, with at least one project arising from community connections
- at least one product (composition), separate to an assessable component of a project.

Project	Product	Extended response	Investigation
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario that contains two or more components.	A technique that assesses the application of identified skills to the production of artworks.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.
<p>A project consists of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a product component: variable conditions</li> <li>• at least one different component from the following               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- written: 500–900 words</li> <li>- spoken: 2½–3½ minutes</li> <li>- multimodal                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>▪ presentation: 3–6 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• variable conditions</li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>- presentation: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Presented in one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• written: 600–1000 words</li> <li>• spoken: 3–4 minutes</li> <li>• multimodal               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent)</li> <li>- presentation: 4–7 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## HLT33015 Certificate III in Allied Health Assistance Contributes to ATAR score

### Course Details

This qualification reflects the role of allied health assistants who provide assistance to allied health professionals under predetermined guidelines. Depending on the setting, work may include following treatment plans for therapeutic interventions and/or conducting programs under the regular direct, indirect or remote supervision of an allied health professional

To achieve this qualification, the candidate must have completed at least 80 hours of work as detailed in the Assessment Requirements of the units of competency.

### Job Roles

Allied Health Assistant  
Professional

### Course Pathways

Certificate IV in Allied Health Assistance

### Careers

Allied Health

*Emmaus College work in partnership with the Cairns Training Academy to deliver this Certificate course. Please contact Marg Dowling ([Marg\\_Dowling@emmaus.qld.edu.au](mailto:Marg_Dowling@emmaus.qld.edu.au)) for further information*

Student Selection	Persons with the language, literacy and numeracy skills to fulfil their job role
Student Intake	As per individual school VET enrolment policy
Delivery Mode	As per individual school VET timetable and chosen VET delivery mode
Course Duration	As per individual school VET timetable over years 10 to 12

### Fees

Details of fees are supplied in the course pre-enrolment induction and in the information brochure for each course and are discussed prior to enrolment. Please consult with the course adviser at your school for further information.

Students must pay their fees as requested by their school usually on a term by term basis to ensure enrolment remains open and current. This includes:

- Students pay as they go across a maximum of seven terms.
- Students MUST enrol in the course they are accessing and remain financial throughout their enrolment.
- All fees must be paid before students gain their qualification and /or other results.
- All fees must be paid before student data is submitted into the AVETMISS database.

Funded Training - CTA abides by State and Commonwealth Government contractual requirements relating to any student fee contribution and or full or partial exemption of fees for funded courses and any other conditions relating to funding including any fees paid in advance if this should occur in relevance to VETiS.

Refund Policy - CTA strives at all times to be fair and equitable to students. Our policy does not provide for refunds once a school notifies CTA of your enrolment intentions. This is due to the course already being heavily discounted through the partnership arrangement with your school. However you can cancel your enrolment at any time however your term fees that have already been paid will not be refunded. Be assured though you do not have to pay any further fees to CTA upon CTA being in receipt of your student cancellation form.

Circumstances where a refund is automatic

- CTA enrolls students and accepts their fees, then cancels the course.

Additional Fee Charges:

- School students who are still enrolled after graduating from school will revert to normal course fee status.
- Credit transfer from other RTO providers (First Aid exempted) will incur a \$10 fee.
- Reissuing of results and qualifications will incur a \$55.00 fee

## Resources

Learning resources supplied online or hard copy depending on individual school delivery option.

## Outcome

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants will receive a Certificate III in Allied Health Assistance

## Industry Placement

Students enrolling in this program will be required to complete a minimum of 80 hours of Industry Placement.

## How is the Course Delivered & Assessed?

Teachers (School-based trainer/assessors) will deliver the training and assess competence under the guidance of the RTO; Cairns Training Academy. Students will access learning resources on-line or via hard copy to gain the underpinning knowledge in addition to learning and demonstrating the practical skills in an Allied Health setting. Teachers will determine competence against each unit by following CTA guidelines which includes through gathering evidence that demonstrates the student is competent in both the underpinning knowledge and the practical skills.

## Credit Transfer (CT)

If you have completed past studies in areas related to the qualification you plan to enrol in you may be eligible for credit transfer. You will need to provide a Statement of Attainment matching the unit of competency you are seeking credit for.

## Units (8 Core units plus 3 Electives units)

Unit Code	Unit Title	
CHCCCS010	Maintain a high standard of service	Core
CHCCOM005	Communicate and work in health or community services	Core
CHCDIV001	Work with diverse people	Core
HLTAAP001	Recognise healthy body systems	Core
HLTAHA001	Assist with an allied health program (80 hours)	Core
HLTINF001	Comply with infection prevention and control policies and procedures	Core
HLTWHS001	Participate in workplace health and safety	Core
BSBMED301	Interpret and apply medical terminology appropriately	Core
CHCDIV002	Promote Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander cultural safety	Elective
HLTAID003	Provide first aid	Elective
BSBFLM312	Contribute to team effectiveness	Elective
CHCCCS002	Assist with Client movement	Elective
BSBMED302	Prepare and process medical accounts	Elective

# CHC30113 Certificate III in Early Childhood Education and Care

## Contributes to ATAR

### Course Details

This qualification reflects the role of workers in a range of early childhood education and care settings who work within the requirements of the Education and Care Services National Regulations and the National Quality Standard. They support the implementation of an approved learning framework, and support children's wellbeing, learning and development. Depending on the setting, educators may work under direct supervision or autonomously. All persons (Employees and Volunteers) will require a Blue Card <https://www.bluecard.qld.gov.au/>

### Job Roles

Early Childhood Educator

### Course Pathways

School Age Education and Care Provider

### Careers

Teaching

Diploma of Early Childhood Education and Care.

*Emmaus College work in partnership with the Cairns Training Academy to deliver this Certificate course. Please contact Linda Eyles ([Linda\\_Eyles@emmaus.qld.edu.au](mailto:Linda_Eyles@emmaus.qld.edu.au)) for further information.*

Student Selection

Persons with the language, literacy and numeracy skills to fulfil their job role

Student Intake

As per individual school VET enrolment policy

Delivery Mode

As per individual school VET timetable and chosen VET delivery mode

Course Duration

As per individual school VET timetable over years 10 to 12

### Fees

Details of fees are supplied in the course pre-enrolment induction and in the information brochure for each course and are discussed prior to enrolment. Please consult with the course adviser at your school for further information.

Students must pay their fees as requested by their school usually on a term by term basis to ensure enrolment remains open and current. This includes:

- Students pay as they go across a maximum of seven terms.
- Students MUST enrol in the course they are accessing and remain financial throughout their enrolment.
- All fees must be paid before students gain their qualification and /or other results.
- All fees must be paid before student data is submitted into the AVETMISS database.

Funded Training - CTA abides by State and Commonwealth Government contractual requirements relating to any student fee contribution and or full or partial exemption of fees for funded courses and any other conditions relating to funding including any fees paid in advance if this should occur in relevance to VETiS.

Refund Policy - CTA strives at all times to be fair and equitable to students. Our policy does not provide for refunds once a school notifies CTA of your enrolment intentions. This is due to the course already being heavily discounted through the partnership arrangement with your school. However you can cancel your enrolment at any time however your term fees that have already been paid will not be refunded. Be assured though you do not have to pay any further fees to CTA upon CTA being in receipt of your student cancellation form.

Circumstances where a refund is automatic

- CTA enrolls students and accepts their fees, then cancels the course.

Additional Fee Charges:

- School students who are still enrolled after graduating from school will revert to normal course fee status.
- Credit transfer from other RTO providers (First Aid exempted) will incur a \$10 fee.
- Reissuing of results and qualifications will incur a \$55.00 fee

## Resources

Learning resources supplied online or hard copy depending on individual school delivery option.

## Outcome

On successful completion of all units within this qualification, participants:

- Will receive a Certificate III in Early Childhood Education and Care
- Be awarded 8 QCE points
- Can seek employment as a qualified Educator
- May benefit from enhanced tertiary options.
- Contributes to ATAR score

## Industry Placement

Students enrolling in this program will be required to demonstrate their skills during a mandatory 120 hours of placement in an early childhood education and care setting.

## How is the Course Delivered & Assessed?

Teachers (School-based trainer/assessors) will deliver the training and assess competence under the guidance of the RTO; Cairns Training Academy. Students will access learning resources on-line or via hard copy to gain the underpinning knowledge in addition to learning and demonstrating the practical skills in an Early Childhood setting. Teachers will determine competence against each unit by following CTA guidelines which includes through gathering evidence that demonstrates the student is competent in both the underpinning knowledge and the practical skills.

## Credit Transfer (CT)

If you have completed past studies in areas related to the qualification you plan to enrol in you may be eligible for credit transfer. You will need to provide a Statement of Attainment matching the unit of competency you are seeking credit for.

## Units (15 Core units plus 3 Elective units)

Unit Code	Unit Title	
CHCLEG001	Work legally and ethically	Core
CHCECE001	Develop cultural competence	Core
CHCECE002	Ensure the health and safety of children	Core
CHCECE003	Provide care for children	Core
CHCECE004	Promote and provide healthy food and drinks	Core
CHCECE005	Provide care for babies and toddlers	Core
CHCECE007	Develop positive and respectful relationships with children	Core
CHCECE009	Use an approved learning framework to guide practice	Core
CHCECE010	Support the holistic development of children in early childhood	Core
CHCECE011	Provide experiences to support children's play and learning	Core
CHCECE013	Use information about children to inform practice	Core
CHCPRT001	Identify and respond to children and young people at risk	Core
HLTAID004	Provide an emergency first aid response in an education and care setting	Core
HLTWHS001	Participate in work health and safety	Core
CHCDIV002	Promote Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander cultural safety	Core
CHCECE006	Support behaviour of children and young people	Elective
CHCECE012	Support children to connect with their world	Elective
CHCDIV001	Work with diverse people	Elective

**Note: In the event of the CHC30113 course being updated in late 2020 as a result of the training package overhaul, the units and course code listed may change to the new version, however course fees will remain the same**

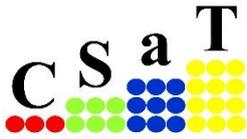
<p><b>IMPORTANT PROGRAM DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (PDS)</b></p>	<p>This Subject Outline is to be read in conjunction with Binnacle Training's <u>Program Disclosure Statement (PDS)</u>. The PDS sets out the services and training products Binnacle Training provides <u>and</u> those services carried out by the 'Partner School' (i.e. the delivery of training and assessment services).</p> <p>To access Binnacle's PDS, visit: <a href="http://www.binnacletraining.com.au/rto.php">http://www.binnacletraining.com.au/rto.php</a> and select 'RTO Files'.</p>
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<p><b>REGISTERED TRAINING ORGANISATION</b></p>	<p><b>Binnacle Training (RTO Code: 31319)</b></p>
<p><b>Subject Type</b></p>	<p><b>Vocational Education and Training (VET) Qualification</b></p>
<p><b>Nationally Recognised Qualification</b></p>	<p><b>SIS30315 Certificate III in Fitness</b></p>
<p><b>Course Length</b></p>	<p><b>2 years</b></p>
<p><b>Reasons to Study the Subject</b></p>	<p>Binnacle's Certificate III in Fitness 'Fitness in Schools' program is offered as a senior subject where students deliver a range of fitness programs and services to clients within their school community. Graduates will be competent in a range of essential skills – such as undertaking client health assessments, planning and delivering fitness programs, and conducting group fitness sessions in indoor and outdoor fitness settings, including with older adult clients.</p> <p><u>QCE Credits:</u> Successful completion of the Certificate III in Fitness contributes a maximum of eight (8) credits towards a student's QCE. A maximum of eight credits from the same training package can contribute to a QCE.</p> <p>This program also includes the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>First Aid</u> qualification and <u>CPR</u> certificate; <i>plus</i> coaching accreditation.</li> <li>• A range of career pathway options including direct pathway into Certificate IV in Fitness (Personal Trainer).</li> </ul>
<p><b><u>ENTRY REQUIREMENTS</u></b></p> <p><b>Students must have a passion for and/or interest in pursuing a career in the fitness and sport industries. They must have good quality written and spoken communication skills and an enthusiasm / motivation to participate in physical activity sessions.</b></p>	

**Each student must obtain a (free) 'Working with Children' Student Blue Card (application to be completed as part of the enrolment process). A student's official enrolment is unable to be finalised until their Student Blue Card has been issued.**

<b>Topics of Study / Learning Experiences</b>	<b>TERM 1</b>	<b>TERM 2</b>	<b>TERM 3</b>	<b>TERM 4</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Sport, Fitness and Recreation Industry</li> <li>Work Health and Safety in Sport &amp; Fitness</li> <li>Developing Coaching Practices</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Community Fitness Programs</li> <li>Policies and Procedures</li> <li>First Aid and CPR certificate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anatomy and Physiology – Body Systems, Cardiorespiratory System, Terminology</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Client Screening and Health Assessments</li> <li>Plan and Deliver Exercise Programs</li> </ul>
	<b>TERM 5</b>	<b>TERM 6</b>	<b>TERM 7</b>	<b>TERM 8</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Anatomy and Physiology – Digestive System &amp; Energy Systems</li> <li>Nutrition – Providing Healthy Eating Information</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Specific Populations; Training Older Clients; Client Conditions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Training Other Specific Population Clients; Community Fitness Programs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>First Aid and/or CPR certificate refresher (optional)</li> </ul> <p style="color: red; font-weight: bold;"><i>Finalisation of qualification: SIS30315 Certificate III in Fitness</i></p>
	<p>Program delivery will combine both class-based tasks and practical components in a real gym environment at the school. This involves the delivery of a range of fitness programs to clients within the school community (students, teachers, and staff).</p> <p>A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Practical tasks</li> <li>Hands-on activities involving participants/clients</li> <li>Group work</li> <li>Practical experience within the school sporting programs and fitness facility</li> <li>Log Book of practical experience</li> </ul> <p>Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies.</p> <p><b>NOTE: This program involves a mandatory 'outside subject' weekly component as follows:</b></p>			
	<p><b>Learning and Assessment</b></p>			
	<p>Program delivery will combine both class-based tasks and practical components in a real gym environment at the school. This involves the delivery of a range of fitness programs to clients within the school community (students, teachers, and staff).</p> <p>A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Practical tasks</li> <li>Hands-on activities involving participants/clients</li> <li>Group work</li> <li>Practical experience within the school sporting programs and fitness facility</li> <li>Log Book of practical experience</li> </ul> <p>Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies.</p> <p><b>NOTE: This program involves a mandatory 'outside subject' weekly component as follows:</b></p>			

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>MANDATORY: A minimum of one session (60 minutes) – delivering a gentle exercise session to an older adult client (age 50+), undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school.</b></li> </ul> <p><i>Continued over page.</i></p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RECOMMENDED: 60 minutes per week across a minimum of 5 consecutive weeks – delivering fitness programs and services to an adult client, undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school.</b></li> </ul> <p><b>All other practical experiences have been timetabled within class time. Students will keep a Log Book of these practical experiences (minimum 40 hours).</b></p>
<p><b>Pathways</b></p>	<p>The Certificate III in Fitness will predominantly be used by students seeking to enter the fitness industry and/or as an alternative entry into University. For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Exercise Physiologist</li> <li>• Teacher – Physical Education</li> <li>• Sport Scientist</li> </ul> <p><b>Students eligible for an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) may be able to use their completed Certificate III to contribute towards their ATAR. For further information please visit <a href="https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/australian-tertiary-admission-rank-atar">https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/australian-tertiary-admission-rank-atar</a></b></p> <p>Students may also choose to continue their study by completing the Certificate IV in Fitness.</p>
<p><b>Cost</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>\$290.00</b> = Binnacle Training course fee</li> <li>• <b>\$40.00</b> = First Aid Certificate costs</li> <li>• <b>{ \$ TBA } Year 11</b> = Excursions to other outside venues to participate in and to conduct fitness activities.</li> <li>• <b>{ \$ TBA } Year 12</b> = Excursions to other outside venues to participate in and to conduct fitness activities.</li> </ul> <p><i>Final cost and notification of these excursions will be included in the permission letter which will be distributed closer to the excursion date.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All texts and reprographics are provided by the school.</li> </ul>
<p>For further information, contact the Head of Faculty, Ms Darlene Hamilton (Darlene_Hamilton@emmaus.qld.edu.au )</p>	



RTO: 32466



## SHB20216 Certificate II in Salon Assistant and SHB20116 Certificate II in Retail

### Cosmetics *(partial qualification)*

SHB20216 - This is a preparatory qualification which provides a defined and limited range of basic skills and knowledge used in hairdressing salons by individuals who provide assistance with client services. These routine and repetitive tasks are completed under direct supervision and with guidance from hairdressers who manage the client service. The combined skills and knowledge do not provide for a job outcome as a hairdresser and this qualification is intended to prepare individuals for further training.

SHB20116 - This qualification reflects the role of retail sales personnel involved in a defined range of tasks to sell and demonstrate beauty or cosmetic products. They follow known routines and procedures and work under direct supervision. This qualification provides a pathway to work as a retail sales consultant in any business that sells beauty or cosmetic products and services. This can include beauty and hairdressing salons, retail outlets and department stores.

Where eligible, cost for one qualification is covered via VETiS funding, second program (partial qualification only) is \$200.00. Please refer to CSaT's full Course Information Booklet ([www.csat.com.au](http://www.csat.com.au)), for further information on VETiS funding OR visit the Department of Employment, Small Business and Trainings website

<https://desbt.qld.gov.au/training/training-careers/incentives/vetis>

Delivered at CSaT training rooms

CSaT RTO: 32466

## AHC21216 Certificate II in Rural Operations

This qualification provides an occupational outcome for industries and agencies in rural and regional Australia. Depending on the units selected individuals can be employed not only in rural industries but also other rural and regional sectors, such as local government, tourism, hospitality, transport, construction, community services, information technology and metals.

Industry expects individuals with this qualification to carry out routine tasks under general supervision and exercise limited autonomy with some accountability for their own work.

Where eligible, cost covered via VETiS funding. Please refer to CSaT's full Course Information Booklet ([www.csat.com.au](http://www.csat.com.au)) for further information on VETiS funding OR visit the Department of Employment, Small Business and Trainings website <https://desbt.qld.gov.au/training/training-careers/incentives/vetis>.

Delivered at CSaT training rooms and local rural property

# First Aid Programs – HLTAID001

***Provide cardio pulmonary resuscitation, HLTAID003 Provide First Aid, HLTAID004 Provide an emergency first aid response in an education and care setting***

Delivered by CSaT at Emmaus College or CSaT premises throughout the year  
CSaT RTO: 32466

***SITHFAB002 Provide responsible service of alcohol***

***SITHGAM001 Provide responsible gambling services***

Delivered by CSaT at Emmaus College or CSaT premises throughout the year  
CSaT RTO: 32466

Please Note:

\* All courses subject to approval.

\* All courses subject to change of delivery method and program.

## CSaT

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